Centre Number			Candidate Number		
Surname					
Other Names					
Candidate Signature					

# mathsrevision:: revisionworld::

# GCSE Mathematics (Non-calculator Paper)

Practice Paper Style Questions Topic: Circle Theorems (Higher Tier)

# For this paper you must have:

- black pen
- HB pencil
- ruler (with cm & mm)
- rubber
- protractor
- compass
- · pencil sharpener



## Time allowed

• 1 hour

### Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Draw diagrams in pencil.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the space provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work that you do not want to be marked.

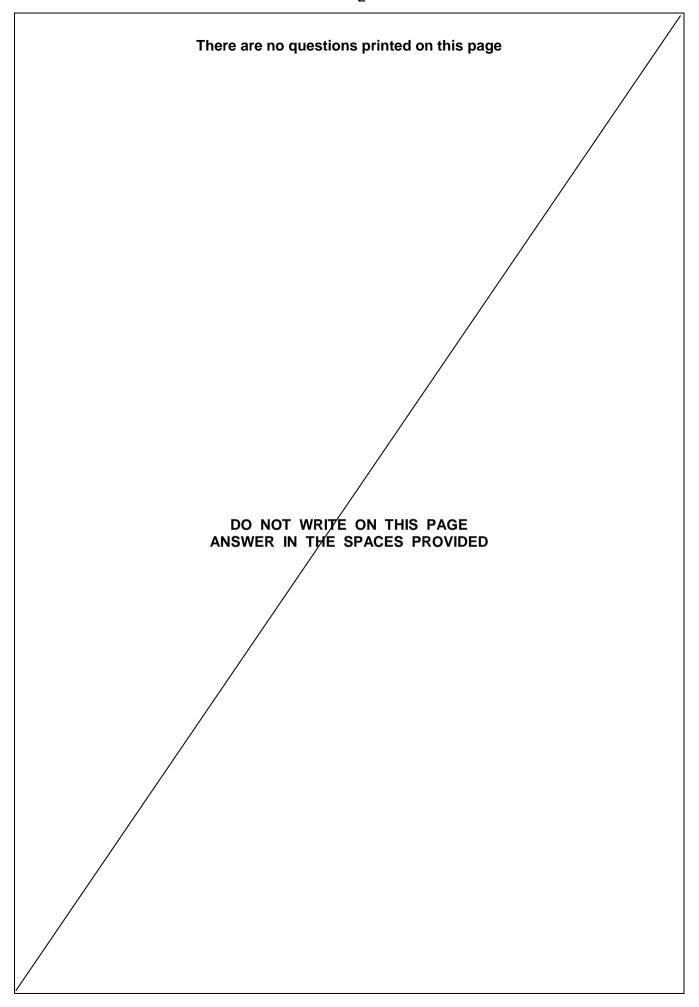
#### Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 46.
   The quality of your written communication is specifically assessed in questions indicated with an asterisk (\*)
- You may ask for more answer paper and graph paper.
   These must be tagged securely to this answer booklet.
- · A calculator must NOT be used.

#### **Advice**

- Read each question carefully before you answer it.
- In all calculations, show clearly how you work out your answer.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

For Examiner's Use								
Examiner's Initials								
Pages	Mark							
3								
4 – 5								
6 – 7								
8 – 9								
10 – 11								
12 – 13								
TOTAL								



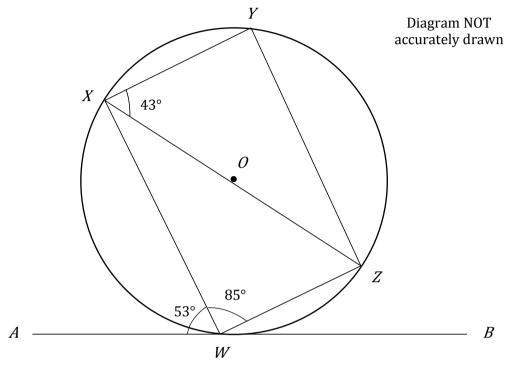
1 WXYZ is a cyclic quadrilateral within a circle with centre O.

AB is the tangent to the circle at W.

Angle  $AWX = 53^{\circ}$ 

Angle  $XWZ = 85^{\circ}$ 

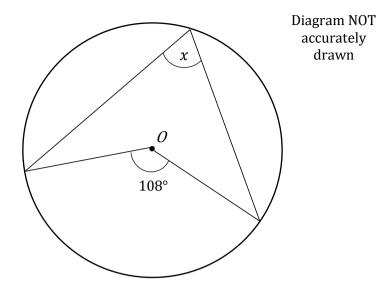
Angle  $ZXY = 43^{\circ}$ 



Prove that WX is parallel to YZ.

(5 marks)

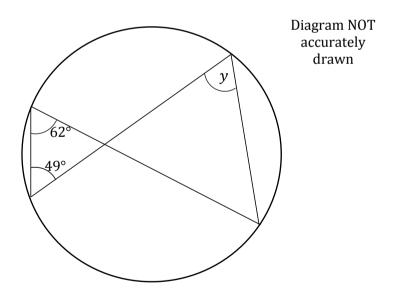
2 Here is a circle with centre O



(a) Write down the value of x

Answer		(1 mark)
--------	--	----------

Here is a different circle:

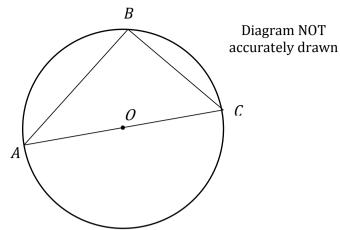


**(b)** Write down the value of y

Answer ..... (1 mark)

_	4 5 1 6				
3	A, $B$ and $C$ are	points on the	circumterence	of a circle	with centre $\theta$

AC is a diameter of the circle.



(a) (i) Write down the size of angle ABC

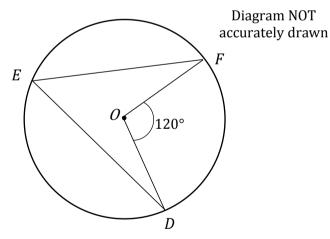
Answer																					
Allowel																					

(ii)\* Give a reason for your answer:


(2 marks)

 ${\it D}, {\it E}$  and  ${\it F}$  are points on the circumference of a circle with centre  ${\it O}$ 

Angle  $DOF = 120^{\circ}$ 



**(b) (i)** Work out the size of angle *DEF* 

Answer	
/ \\	

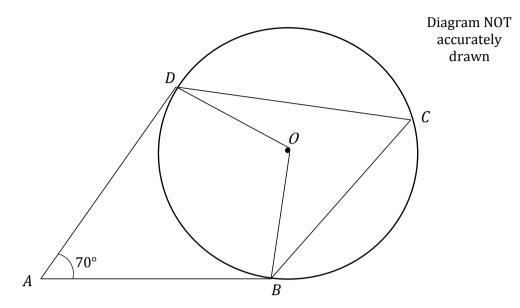
(ii)\* Give a reason for your answer:


(2 marks)



**4\*** A, B and C are points on the circumference of a circle with centre O AB and AD are tangents to the circle.

Angle  $BAD = 70^{\circ}$ 



Work out the size of angle BAD

Give a reason for each stage of your working.

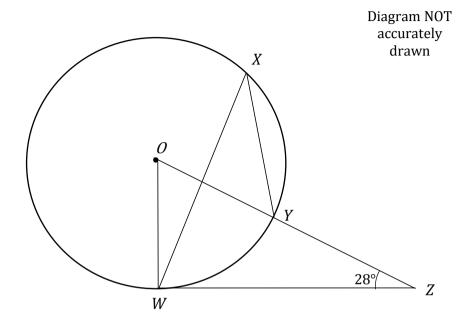
Answer ..... (4 marks)

5 W, X and Y are points on the circumference of a circle with centre O

ZYO is a straight line.

ZW is a tangent to the circle.

Angle  $WZO = 28^{\circ}$ 



(a) Work out the size of angle WOZ.

Answer	(2 marks)
¬//3//C/	(Z IIIains)

(b) (i) Work out the size of angle WXY.

(ii)\* Give a reason for your answer:


(2 marks)

6	In the diagram $W$ , $X$ , $Y$ and $Z$ are points on the circumference of a circle with centre $\theta$ .	
	Angle $XWZ = 70^{\circ}$	
	Angle $XOZ = a^{\circ}$	am NOT
	Angle $XYZ = b^{\circ}$	ırately awn
	(a) (i) Work out the value of $a$ .	
	(ii)* Give a reason for your answer:	
		•
		(2 marks)
	<b>(b) (i)</b> Work out the value of b.	
	Answer	,
	(ii)* Give a reason for your answer:	
		(2 marks)

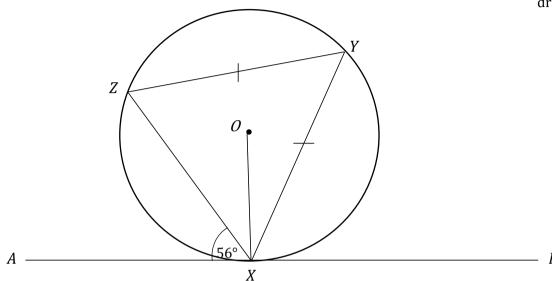
7 In the diagram X, Y and Z are points on the circumference of a circle with centre  $\theta$ .

Angle  $ZXA = 56^{\circ}$ 

The line AXB is the tangent at X to the circle.

ZY = XY

Diagram NOT accurately drawn



Calculate the size of angle OXY.

Give a reason for each stage of your working.

Answer ..... (5 marks)

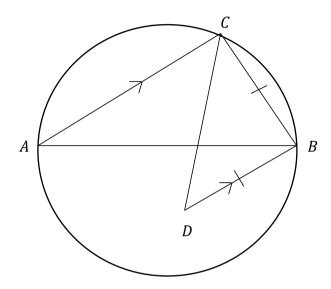
8	In the diagram $X$ , $Y$ and $Z$ are points on the circumference of a circle with centre	0.
	Angle $XYW = 56^{\circ}$	
	Angle $YXZ = 38^{\circ}$ $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$ $X$	Diagram NOT accurately drawn
	(i) Find the size of angle XZW.	
	Answer	
	(ii)* Give a reason for your answer:	
		(2 marks)

**9** AB is a diameter of a circle.

 $\mathcal{C}$  is a point on the circle.

D is the point inside the circle such that DB = BC and BD is parallel to CA.

Diagram NOT accurately drawn



Calculate the size of angle BDC.

Give a reason for each stage of your working.

Answer ..... (4 marks)



10 VWXYZ is a cyclic quadrilateral.

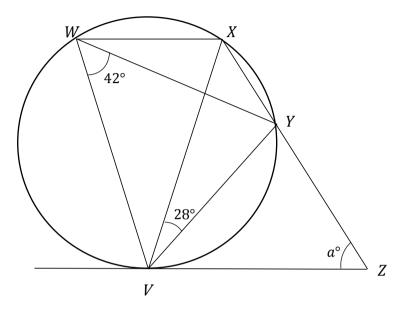
VZ is a tangent at A.

XYZ is a straight line.

Angle  $XVY = 28^{\circ}$ 

Angle  $VWY = 42^{\circ}$ 

Diagram NOT accurately drawn



Calculate the size of angle VZY, marked a on the diagram.

You **must** show your working.

Give reasons for any angles you work out.

Answer ..... (5 marks)

11 In the diagram A, B, C and D are points on the circumference of a circle with centre O.

Angle 
$$BCD = 128^{\circ}$$

$$CD = BC$$

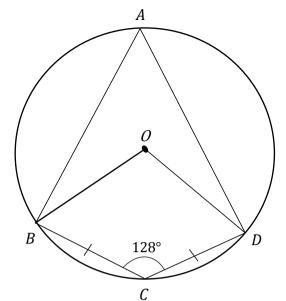


Diagram NOT accurately drawn

(a) Write down the size of angle BAD giving a reason for your answer.

Answer ..... (2 marks)

(b) Write down the size of angle ODC giving reasons for your answer:

Answer ...... (4 marks)

**END OF QUESTIONS** 





