INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the Answer Booklet. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink.
- Answer one question. Each question is in two parts. Answer both parts of your chosen question.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Do not write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 50.
- This paper contains questions on the following four Options
  - Charlemagne (page 2)
  - Luther and the German Reformation 1517–47 (page 3)
  - Robespierre and the French Revolution 1774–95 (page 4)
  - Russia in Turmoil 1900–21 (page 5)
- Each Option has two questions.
- You should write in continuous prose and are reminded of the need for clear and accurate writing, including structure of argument, grammar, punctuation and spelling.
- This document consists of 8 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

Duration: 1 hour 30 minutes
Charlemagne

Answer both parts of your chosen question.

Answer either

1 External Relations

(a) Why did Charlemagne wish to extend his influence outside the Frankish lands? [25]

(b) Why was Charlemagne's relationship with the Byzantine Empire important? [25]

or

2 The Imperial Coronation

(a) Why were Alcuin and Einhard important to Charlemagne? [25]

(b) Why was the imperial coronation of 800 important to other rulers? [25]
Luther and the German Reformation 1517–47

Answer both parts of your chosen question.

Answer either

3 The Beginnings of the German Reformation

(a) Why did Luther's beliefs develop in the period up to 1520? [25]

(b) Why were the ideas contained within Luther's Ninety-Five Theses important? [25]

or

4 Radical Social and Religious Movements

(a) Why did Luther's teachings have more than religious significance? [25]

(b) Why were the Anabaptists important? [25]
Answer either

5 The Collapse of the Ancien Regime, 1785–89

(a) Why were some French people influenced by the ideas of writers and intellectuals in the period up to 1789? [25]

(b) Why did Louis XVI agree to summon the Estates-General in 1789? [25]

or

6 Foreign and Domestic Conflict

(a) Why was the declaration of war in 1792 important for the revolution? [25]

(b) Why was the revolutionary government opposed in the Vendée region? [25]
Answer **either**

7  The 1905 Revolution

(a) Why did ‘Bloody Sunday’ happen?  
(b) Why was opposition to the Tsar so widespread during 1905?

or

8  1917: The ‘February Revolution’

(a) Why did economic problems help lead to revolution in February 1917?  
(b) Why did Nicholas II agree to abdicate in March 1917?