Please check the examination details b	elow before ente	ering your candidate information
Candidate surname		Other names
Centre Number Candidate I	Number	
Pearson Edexcel Leve	el 1/Leve	el 2 GCSE (9–1)
Time 1 hour 45 minutes	Paper reference	1DT0/1D
Design and Tech		y
You must have:		Total Marks

Instructions

- Use black ink or ball-point pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
- Answer all questions.
- Answer the questions in the spaces provided
 - there may be more space than you need.
- Calculators may be used.
- Any diagrams may NOT be accurately drawn, unless otherwise indicated.
- You must show all your working out with your answer clearly identified at the end of your solution.

Information

- The total mark for this paper is 100.
- The marks for **each** question are shown in brackets
 - use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.

Advice

- Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
- Try to answer every question.
- Check your answers if you have time at the end.

Turn over ▶





SECTION A

Core

Answer ALL questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

1 (a) The materials that products are made from are chosen because of their properties.

Figure 1 shows a table of products.

For each of the products shown, give a property of the material it is made from that makes the material suitable for the product.

The first one has been done for you.

Picture of product	Material and product	Property
	Urea formaldehyde 3-pin plug	Insulator of electricity
	Aluminium drinks can	(i)
	Felted wool fabric hat	(ii)
TRACING PAPER PAD	Tracing paper	(iii)
	Laminated plywood salad servers	(iv)

Figure 1



Answer(Total for Question 1 = 8	
c) Calculate how much copper is required to make 50 kg of brass.	(2)
Brass is an alloy of copper and zinc in the ratio of 13:7 13 parts copper to 7 parts zinc).	
The pins of the 3-pin plug are made from brass.	
	(2)



2 Figure 2 shows a wall mounted book holder manufactured from mahogany.

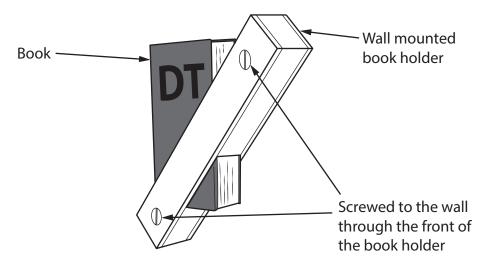


Figure 2

(a) Name **one** other appropriate hardwood that could be used to make the wall mounted book holder.

(1)

(b) Explain **one** working property of mahogany that makes it an appropriate choice of material for the wall mounted book holder.

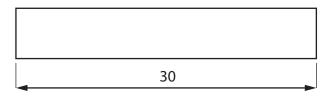
(2)

Each wall mounted book holder is made as a one-off.

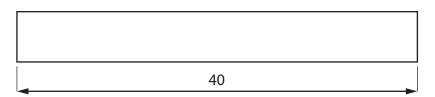
(c) Explain **one** advantage for the manufacturer of making each wall mounted book holder as a one-off.

(2)

Figure 3 shows the sizes of two pieces of mahogany used to make the wall mounted book holder.



2 required at this length



1 required at this length

Figure 3

The mahogany has a cross sectional area of 5 cm²

All dimensions in cm

Diagram not to scale

(d) Calculate the cost of the mahogany required to make one wall mounted book holder if the mahogany costs £1,200 m³.

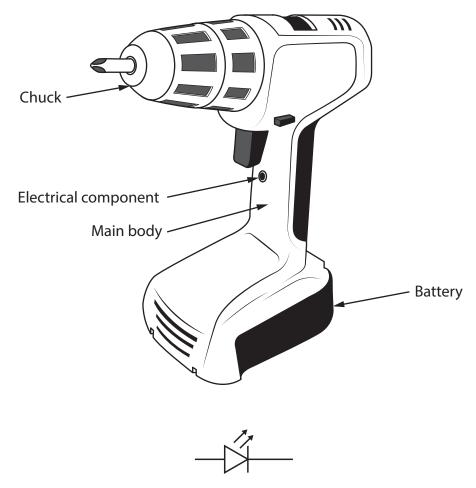
(4)

Cost £

(Total for Question 2 = 9 marks)



3 Figure 4 shows an electrically powered hand drill and the circuit symbol for an electrical component.



Circuit symbol for the electrical component

Figure 4

(a) Name the type of electrical component from the circuit symbol shown in Figure 4.

(1)

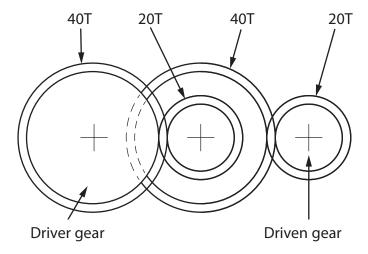
The electrically powered hand drill is being redesigned. The manufacturer is considering using a bevel gear inside.

(b) Explain **one** reason for using a bevel gear inside the electrically powered hand drill.

(2)

(c) The electrically powered hand drill also has a compound gear train inside.

Figure 5 shows a schematic diagram of the compound gear train.



T = Teeth

Figure 5

Calculate the revolutions per minute (RPM) of the driven gear if the driver gear rotates at 400 RPM.

(2)

Driven gearRPM



(d) Explain one benefit of using a battery for the electrically powered hand drill.	(2)
The manufacturer of the electrically powered hand drill is considering using carbon fibre for the main body.	
(e) Explain two benefits of using carbon fibre for the main body of the electrically powered hand drill.	
	(4)
(Total for Question 3 = 11 ma	arks)

4	A not-for-profit organisation has developed some agro-textiles that can be used by farmers.	
	(a) Explain two ways that agro-textiles can be used by farmers.	(4)
1		
	(b) A farmer requires 420 m ² of agro-textile to cover their field.	
	The agro-textile is available in rolls 50 m long measuring 1.2 m wide.	
	Calculate the number of rolls of agro-textile the farmer needs to cover their field.	(2)
	Number of rolls	



(c) Discuss how fair trade products have been used to support farm	ners and societies
in developing countries.	(6)
	(0)



(Total for Question 4 = 12 marks)
(

TOTAL FOR SECTION A = 40 MARKS

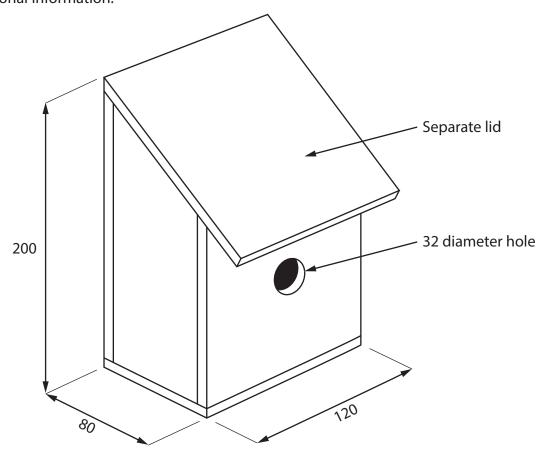


SECTION B

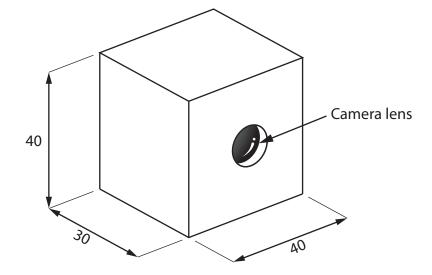
Systems

Answer ALL questions. Write your answers in the spaces provided.

5 Figure 6 shows a design solution for a bird box together with some additional information.



Additional information – camera with batteries inside



All dimensions in mm

Diagram not to scale

Figure 6



(a) The bird box provides a nesting place for birds and needs to be improved to include the following specification points.

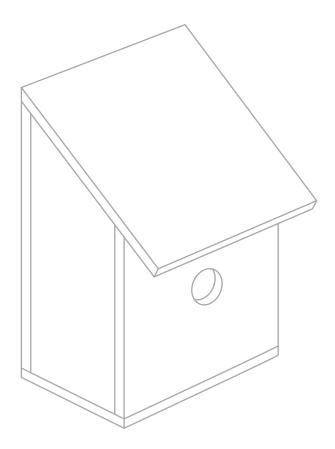
The bird box must:

- hold the camera inside so it can be easily removed to replace the batteries and allows access to a digital photographic storage system
- take a photograph of the bird with the camera when entry is detected through the hole
- be able to be hung up in a tree and easily moved to another tree.

Use notes and sketches, on the outline below, to show how the bird box could be modified to include these three specification points.

You will be marked on how you apply your understanding of design and technology, not your graphical skills.

(6)



(4)

(b) Figure 7 shows a money box in the shape of a tea cup that plays a tune every time a coin is dropped in the slot.

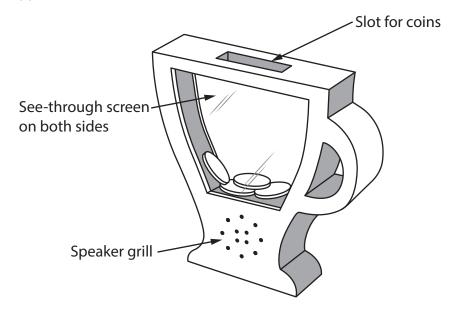


Figure 7

Explain **two** ways that the money box meets, or fails to meet, the criteria of providing a method to encourage young children to save money.

1	
2	
	(Total for Question 5 = 10 marks)

6 Figure 8 shows an exploded view of an alarm system for a building.

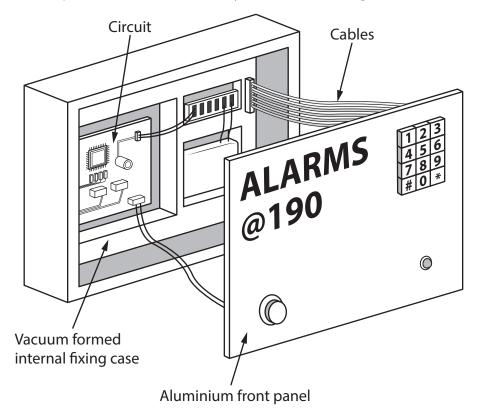


Figure 8

The circuit for the alarm system contains some standard components, including resistors and a light-emitting diode (LED).

(a) Explain **two** reasons why the manufacturer would use Ohm's law when designing the circuit for the alarm system.

1	
2	

(4)

(b) Figure 9 shows the internal fixing case for the alarm system that has been vacuum formed from high impact polystyrene (HIPS).

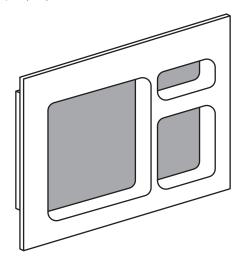


Figure 9

Use notes and sketches, in the space below, to show how the internal fixing case would be manufactured using the vacuum forming process.

You will be marked on how you apply your understanding of design and technology, not your graphical skills.

(4)





(c) The front panel of the alarm system has been anodised.	
Explain one reason why an anodised finish has been applied to the front panel.	(2)
(d) Give two different methods of cable management that can be used inside the alarm system.	
For each method, explain one advantage of using the method of cable management inside the alarm system.	
Method 1	(6)
Explanation	
Method 2	
Explanation	
(Total for Question 6 = 16 n	narks)



7 Figure 10 shows a desk lamp powered by a USB lead connected to a laptop.

The USB lead has copper wires inside.

The main body is cut out from a single piece of white acrylic and the two side pieces are bent outwards by placing in the top part to form the curves.

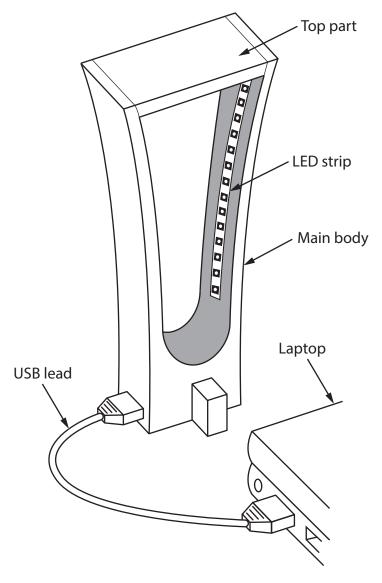


Figure 10

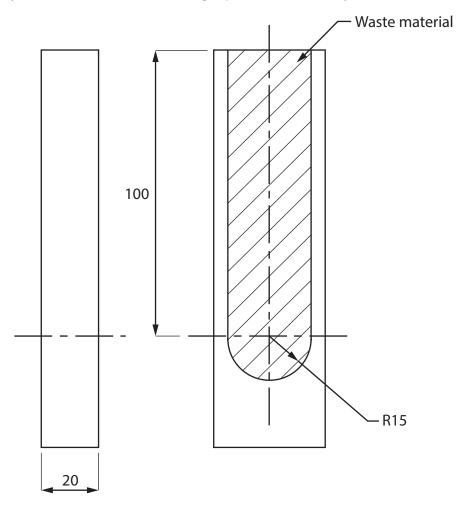
(a) State the type of force the top part is subjected to from the two side pieces of the main body.

(1)

	Explain two working properties of copper that make it an ideal material for the wires inside the USB lead.	(4)
I		
2		

Figure 11 shows a dimensioned drawing of the main body of the desk lamp before the sides are bent.

The main body is manufactured from a single piece of white acrylic.



All dimensions are in mm

Diagram not to scale

Figure 11

(c) Calculate the volume of waste material produced when making the main body.

Give your answer to the nearest whole cm³.

Use
$$\pi = 3.142$$

(5)

Answercm³

(6)

The main body of the desk lamp could be fabricated from separate pieces of white acrylic rather than from a single piece.

(d)	Explain two reasons for fabricating the main body of the desk lamp from separate
	pieces of white acrylic rather than manufacturing it from a single piece.

1	
2	

(Total for Question 7 = 16 marks)



8 Figure 12 shows a speed sensing road sign manufactured from aluminium.

The sign displays the speed limit for the area and the speed of a car as it approaches the sign.

The speed of a vehicle is displayed on the road sign using light-emitting diodes (LEDs).

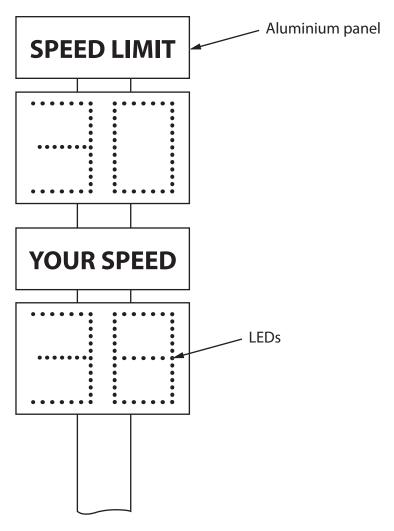


Figure 12

(a)	Explain one benefit of using LEDs to display the number under the words
	'YOUR SPEED'.

(2)

	The LEDs are subjected to quality control checks during their manufacture.	
	(b) Explain one advantage of carrying out a quality control check on the LEDs during manufacture.	
		(3)
	The speed sensing road signs use photo etched circuit boards for the electronic circuitry.	
	(c) Explain two reasons for etching the circuit boards for the road signs.	(4)
1		(-1)
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2		





(d) The speed sensing road sign is manufactured from aluminium and the words 'SPEED LIMIT' and 'YOUR SPEED' are screen printed.

Figure 13 shows some additional information about the speed sensing road sign.

Source of aluminium	Canada	
Road sign material	Stock sized 6 mm aluminium sheet	
Potential market	Local councils, schools and holiday camps	
Scale of production	Batch	

Figure 13

Analyse the information in Figure 13.

Evaluate the speed sensing road sign with reference to social and availability factors including:

- use for different social groups
- use of stock materials
- use of specialist materials.

(9)

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TOTAL FOR SECTION $B = 60$ MARKS

TOTAL FOR SECTION B = 60 MARKS
TOTAL FOR PAPER = 100 MARKS



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