INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the Answer Booklet. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink.
- Answer any **two** questions.
- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Do **not** write in the bar codes.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [ ] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **100**.
- This paper contains questions on the following ten Study Topics:
  - Napoleon, France and Europe 1795–1815
  - Monarchy, Republic and Empire: France 1814–1870
  - The USA in the 19th Century: Westward Expansion and Civil War 1803–c.1890
  - Peace and War: International Relations c.1890–1941
  - From Autocracy to Communism: Russia 1894–1941
  - Democracy and Dictatorship: Italy 1896–1943
  - The Rise of China 1911–1990
  - Democracy and Dictatorship in Germany 1919–1963
  - The Cold War in Europe from 1945 to the 1990s
  - Crisis in the Middle East 1948–2003.
- There are three questions for each Study Topic. Answer any **two** questions.
- You should write in continuous prose and are reminded of the need for clear and accurate writing, including structure of argument, grammar, punctuation and spelling.
- This document consists of **4** pages. Any blank pages are indicated.
Answer any two questions.

Napoleon, France and Europe 1795–1815

1 Assess the aims of the reforms during the Consulate. [50]

2 ‘Napoleon remained in power only because his domestic policies had popular appeal.’ How far do you agree? [50]

3 To what extent was the development of a united opposition the main reason for Napoleon’s defeat? [50]

Monarchy, Republic and Empire: France 1814–70

4 How far were social and economic problems the cause of the 1830 Revolution? [50]

5 Assess the reasons why Louis Napoleon was able to establish an Empire in France in 1851–52. [50]

6 To what extent did Louis Napoleon establish a ‘Liberal Empire’? [50]

The USA in the 19th Century: Westward Expansion and Civil War 1803–c.1890

7 How important was the Louisiana Purchase in westward expansion? [50]

8 ‘Division among the Native Americans was the most important reason why they lost their lands in the nineteenth century.’ How far do you agree? [50]

9 How effective was the military and political leadership of the South during the Civil War? [50]

Peace and War: International Relations c.1890–1941

10 How important was imperialism as a cause of the First World War? [50]

11 ‘The entry of the USA into the First World War was the most important reason for the defeat of Germany in 1918.’ How far do you agree? [50]

12 ‘The Nazi-Soviet Pact was the most important reason for the outbreak of war in Europe in 1939.’ How far do you agree? [50]
From Autocracy to Communism: Russia 1894–1941

13 To what extent did the 1905 Revolution undermine the power of Tsar Nicholas II?  [50]

14 ‘Terror was the most important reason the Bolsheviks were able to consolidate their power in the period from 1921 to 1924.’ How far do you agree?  [50]

15 How important were the divisions and weaknesses among Stalin’s opponents in enabling him to rise to power by 1929?  [50]

Democracy and Dictatorship: Italy 1896–1943

16 ‘Economic difficulties were the most serious problem facing Italian governments in the period from 1896 to 1915.’ How far do you agree?  [50]

17 How far does social unrest explain Mussolini’s rise to power by 1922?  [50]

18 To what extent were Mussolini’s economic and social policies little more than propaganda?  [50]

The Rise of China 1911–90

19 Assess the reasons for unrest in China between 1911 and 1934.  [50]

20 ‘The Nationalists were never able to establish effective power in China in the period from 1928 to 1949.’ How far do you agree?  [50]

21 How far was the Chinese Government able to achieve its domestic aims in the period between 1949 and the start of the Cultural Revolution in 1966?  [50]

Democracy and Dictatorship in Germany 1919–63

22 How important was the legacy of the Treaty of Versailles in Hitler’s rise to power?  [50]

23 How successful were Nazi social policies?  [50]

24 ‘Division over currency was the most important reason for the creation of West Germany.’ How far do you agree?  [50]
The Cold War in Europe from 1945 to the 1990s

25 How important was the Soviet consolidation of power in Eastern Europe in the development of the Cold War between 1945 and 1948? [50]

26 Assess the impact of the New Cold War (1979–85) on Ostpolitik. [50]

27 ‘The reunification of Germany was the most important consequence of the collapse of Soviet power in Eastern Europe.’ How far do you agree? [50]

Crisis in the Middle East 1948–2003

28 How important was the role of the USA in the creation of Israel in 1948? [50]

29 How successful were Sadat’s policies towards Israel? [50]

30 Assess the reasons for international involvement in the Iran-Iraq War 1980–88. [50]

END OF QUESTION PAPER