

Wednesday 8 June 2016 – Afternoon

A2 GCE PSYCHOLOGY

G543/01 Options in Applied Psychology

Candidates answer on the Answer Booklet.

OCR supplied materials:

 12 page Answer Booklet (sent with general stationery)

Other materials required:

None

Duration: 2 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Read each question carefully. Make sure you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Answer four questions in total: two questions from two options only.
- Write your answers in the Answer Booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.
- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces provided on the front of the Answer Booklet.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is **100**.
- This paper contains questions on the following four options:
- Forensic Psychology
- Health and Clinical Psychology
- Psychology of Sport and Exercise
- Psychology of Education
- Quality of written communication is assessed throughout this paper.

Candidates should:

- (i) ensure that text is legible and that spelling, punctuation and grammar are accurate so that meaning is clear;
- (ii) select and use a form and style of writing appropriate to purpose and to complex subject matter;
- (iii) organise information clearly and coherently, using specialist vocabulary when appropriate.
- This document consists of 8 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.

INSTRUCTION TO EXAMS OFFICER/INVIGILATOR

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Forensic Psychology

1 (a) How can criminal thinking patterns explain criminal behaviour? [10] (b) Assess the strengths and limitations of research into cognitive explanations of criminal behaviour. [15] 2 (a) Describe how **one** factor may influence accurate identification when interviewing witnesses. [10] (b) To what extent can research into interviewing witnesses be considered scientific? [15] 3 (a) What effect do shields and videotape have on children giving evidence? [10] **(b)** Evaluate the ethics of research into witness appeal. [15] 4 (a) Describe **one** piece of research into anger management as an offender treatment programme. [10] (b) Discuss methodological problems researchers may have when investigating offender treatment programmes. [15]

Health and Clinical Psychology

5	(a)	How can non-adherence to a medical regime be measured physiologically?	[10]
	(b)	Discuss methodological difficulties of investigating adherence to medical regimes.	[15]
6	(a)	Describe research that uses a combined approach to measuring stress.	[10]
	(b)	Assess the reliability of different methods of measuring stress.	[15]
7	(a)	How can dysfunctional behaviour be categorised?	[10]
	(b)	To what extent is it appropriate to diagnose dysfunctional behaviour?	[15]
8	(a)	Using the biological approach, explain one chosen disorder (either affective or anxiet psychotic).	ty o ı [10]
	(b)	To what extent are explanations of the disorder referred to in part (a) reductionist?	[15]

Psychology of Sport and Exercise

9 (a) Outline how personality may affect sports performance. [10] **(b)** To what extent do individual and situational factors explain an athlete's sports performance? [15] 10 (a) Outline evidence that explains anxiety in sport from a multidimensional approach. [10] (b) Evaluate the use of quantitative and/or qualitative data when researching anxiety in sport. [15] (a) Describe research into aspects of cohesion in sport. [10] **(b)** Discuss the ecological validity of research into group cohesion in sport. [15] **12** (a) Describe the relationship between exercise and mental health. [10] (b) Discuss ethical issues which could arise when conducting research into exercise and mental health. [15]

Psychology of Education

13	(a)	Describe variations on learning strategies. [1	0]
	(b)	Compare personal approaches to learning.	5]
14	(a)	What have educational psychologists learnt about self-esteem in relation to stude participation?	ent 0]
	(b)	Assess the usefulness of research into student beliefs and expectations. [1	5]
15	(a)	How important is empathy and moral development to student-student social interaction [1	s? 0]
	(b)	Evaluate the methodology of research into student–student social interactions. [1	5]
16	(a)	Describe the use of remedial support for students with additional needs. [1	0]
	(b)	Discuss the validity of research into the additional needs of students.	5]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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