

Friday 25 May 2018 - Afternoon

GCSE DESIGN AND TECHNOLOGY: ELECTRONICS AND CONTROL SYSTEMS

A515/01 Sustainability and technical aspects of designing and making – Electronics

Candidates answer on the Question Paper.

OCR supplied materials:

None

Other materials required:

- A calculator may be used for this paper.
- Pencil
- Ruler (cm/mm)

Duration: 1 hour 30 minutes



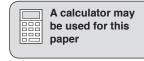
Candidate forename				Candidate surname				
			1					
Centre number				Candidate no	umber			

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the boxes above. Please write clearly and in capital letters.
- Use black ink. HB pencil may be used for graphs and diagrams only.
- Answer all the questions in Section A and Section B.
- Read each question carefully and make sure that you know what you have to do before starting your answer.
- Write your answer to each question in the space provided. Additional paper may be used if necessary but you must clearly show your candidate number, centre number and question number(s).
- Do not write in the barcodes.
- Show all working out for calculations.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

- The number of marks for each question is given in brackets [] at the end of the question or part question.
- The total number of marks for this paper is 80.
- Your quality of written communication is assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).
- Dimensions are in millimetres unless stated otherwise.
- This document consists of 16 pages. Any blank pages are indicated.



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SECTION A

Answer **all** the questions.

You are advised to spend 40 minutes on this section.

On questions 1-5 circle your answer.

1	The	6R reduce describes:	
	(a)	Making more products	
	(b)	Making larger products	
	(c)	Not using unnecessary materials or parts	
	(d)	Buying a product that you never use	[1]
2	Was	ste energy from a house can contribute to:	
	(a)	Global cooling	
	(b)	Reducing energy bills for home owners	
	(c)	Global warming	
	(d)	Reducing the demand on power stations	[1]
3	A pr	oduct with a small eco-footprint is defined as:	
	(a)	Something that has a large environmental impact	
	(b)	Something that has very little environmental impact	
	(c)	Something that is heavy to transport	
	(d)	Something lightweight and easy to move around	[1]
4	A hy	/brid car uses:	
	(a)	Wind energy	
	(b)	Solar power	
	(c)	Fossil fuels only	
	(d)	A combination of fossil fuels and electricity	[1]
5	Car	bon offsetting means:	
	(a)	Moving waste to another country	
	(b)	Maximising profits from fossil fuel	
	(c)	Using carbon credits to compensate for emissions	
	(d)	Calculating how much natural gas is used	[1]

6	Name the source of geothermal power.								
7	State one non-sustainable method of product disposal.			[1]					
				[1]					
8	Name the category of recycling where glass jars are cleaned and recomponents.	used for	the stora	ge of					
				[1]					
9	State the term used to describe products that fail after a set period of time	е.							
				[1]					
10	State the term that describes how products are comfortable and easy to	use.							
				[1]					
Ded	cide whether the statements below are true or false .								
Ticl	[/] the box to show your answer.	True	False						
11	Photochromic inks change colour with varying temperatures.			[1]					
12	Lead paint is suitable for all electronic products.			[1]					
13	A biodegradable material will rot naturally.			[1]					
14	Deforestation can harm the environment.			[1]					
15	Ethical companies provide poor working conditions.			[1]					

16 Fig. 1 shows a camera with its protective case, which is suitable for adventure sports.

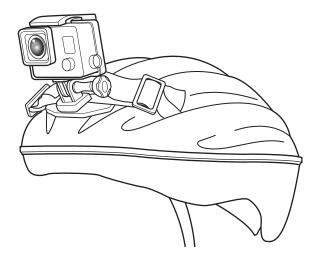


Fig. 1

(a)	Give three design requirements for the camera casing shown in Fig. 1.
	1
	2
	3
	[3
(b)	The camera is powered by a rechargeable internal battery.
	Give two environmental benefits of using rechargeable batteries to power portable products.
	1
	2

(c) Fig. 2 shows a range of fittings available for the camera shown in Fig. 1.

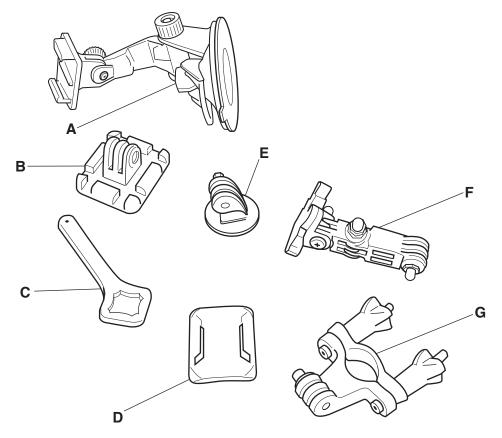


Fig. 2

Write the correct letter, **A B C D E F G**, to show which fitting would be the most suitable for mounting the camera shown in Fig. 1 in each situation given in the table below.

One has been completed for you.

Letter	Situation			
E	Glued permanently to a flat surface			
	On a flat piece of wood using elastic bands			
	Internally on a car windscreen			
	On a long round pole for use at arm's length			
	On a flat surface but adjustable for different angles			

п		4		۱
	L	/		
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(d) The cameras are expensive to buy.

State **one** way of safely retaining the camera if the fitting fails during use.

......[1] Turn over

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- (e) A manufacturer wishes to make a hard-shell carrying case for the camera and fittings.
 Use sketches and notes to design a hard-shell carrying case for a camera and fittings.
 Your design must:
 - include all materials used
 - show all design features.

Į	Explain how designers of electrical products can reduce the development time of a pro Use specific examples of modern computer controlled technology in your answer.

SECTION B

Answer all the questions.

You are advised to spend 50 minutes on this section.

17 (a) Fig. 3 shows a circuit board used for computer control of LEDs and motors. The circuit board uses surface mount components.

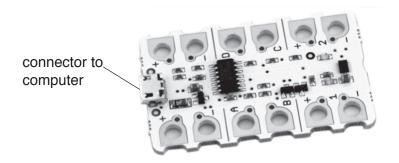


Fig. 3

	(i)	State two benefits of surface mount components.	
		1	
		2[2	
	(ii)	Give one problem with using surface mount components.	
		[1	
(b)	(i)	A small DC motor has a coil resistance of 27Ω . Use the formula I = V/R to complete the table below.	,
		Current	

3

9

Minimum voltage

Maximum voltage

(ii)	Explain why the maximum voltage and current should be considered when designing a driver circuit for the motor.
	[2]

(c) Fig. 4 shows the motor and a piece of 3 mm acrylic sheet that it will be mounted on.



Fig. 4

In the space below use sketches and notes to show one method of securing the motor to the acrylic sheet.

The method used must allow the motor to be removed when necessary.

(d) Fig. 5 shows the symbols for components to be used in a driver circuit for the motor.

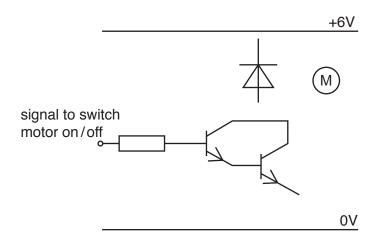


Fig. 5

- (i) Complete Fig. 5 to show the connections needed for the driver circuit.
- (ii) The table below gives details of three transistors.

 Choose the most suitable transistor to be used in the driver circuit.

Device	Туре	lc max
BC179	Low power PNP transistor	180 mA
BC182L	Low power NPN transistor	100 mA
BCX38C	Darlington NPN transistor	0.8A

[3]

......[1]

18 (a) Fig. 6 shows a push to make (PTM) switch that will be used to advance the count in a binary counter circuit.



Fig. 6

(i)	Describe what happens when a PTM switch is operated.						
	[9]						

(ii)	When tested on a breadboard the count is found to 'jump', missing some numbers out. State the most likely reason for this.						
	Fig. 7 shows the bistable circuit used to overcome the problem.				[1]		
	+V_						
		Α	В	Q			
10K	10K debounced output	0	0				
¥		0	1				
٦		1	1				
	0V B -) } -	– Q		
	Fig. 7						
(iii)	State the type of logic gate used in the circuit.						
					[1]		
(iv)	Complete the truth table in Fig. 7 for the type of logic gate used.				[1]		
(v)	Describe the action of a bistable circuit.						
					[2]		
(vi)	State the purpose of the 10K resistors used in the circuit in Fig. 7.				[4]		
()					[1]		

(b) Fig. 8 shows the outlines of three rows of LEDs used to represent numbers in binary. The first row represents the number 8.

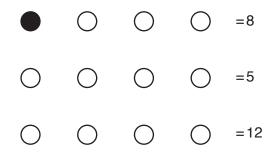


Fig. 8

- (i) Shade in the LED outlines in Fig. 8 to show how the other two numbers are represented in binary. [2]
- (ii) Fig. 9 shows part of a PCB for the bistable circuit in Fig. 7 with two faults identified.

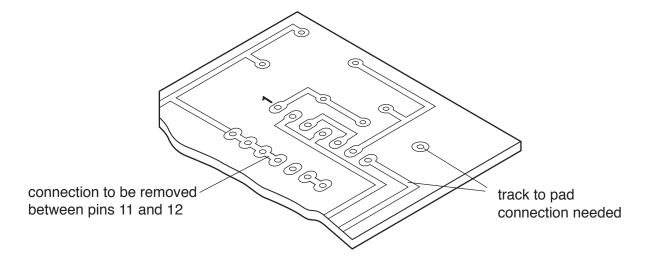


Fig. 9

In the space below use sketches and notes to describe how the faults can be repaired to make the board usable.

(c) Counter circuits will sometimes have the display on a separate PCB with connections made using a ribbon cable.

Fig. 10 shows a ribbon cable connector before the two parts have been compressed to allow the blades to cut through the cable insulation.

The pins can then be soldered into a PCB.

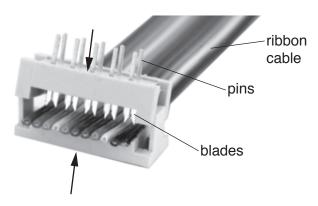


Fig. 10

1						

[2]

19 (a) Fig. 11 shows four power sources that can be used for electronic projects.

Give two benefits of using a ribbon cable connector.

Circle the **two** power sources in Fig. 11 that can have their charge replaced.



Fig. 11

		14	
(b)	(i)	Complete the circuit diagram in Fig. 12 to show three LEDs connected in para power supply.	llel to the
		+V	
		0V	
		Fig. 12	[3]
	(ii)	Give one reason for using a parallel connection for the LEDs.	
			[1]
(c)		nsors can be used to decide when a circuit will operate. ate the name of a sensor that can detect changes in the following conditions:	
	Hea	at	
	Ligh	ht	

Sound

[3]

(d)*	Discuss the role of modern technology when designing electronic products with new materials and construction methods. Use specific examples in your answer.
	[6]

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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