

GCSE (9-1)

**Computer Science** 

J276/01: Computer systems

General Certificate of Secondary Education

Mark Scheme for Autumn 2021

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA) is a leading UK awarding body, providing a wide range of qualifications to meet the needs of candidates of all ages and abilities. OCR qualifications include AS/A Levels, Diplomas, GCSEs, Cambridge Nationals, Cambridge Technicals, Functional Skills, Key Skills, Entry Level qualifications, NVQs and vocational qualifications in areas such as IT, business, languages, teaching/training, administration and secretarial skills.

It is also responsible for developing new specifications to meet national requirements and the needs of students and teachers. OCR is a not-for-profit organisation; any surplus made is invested back into the establishment to help towards the development of qualifications and support, which keep pace with the changing needs of today's society.

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

© OCR 2021

# **Annotations**

Annotation	Meaning
BP	Blank Page – this annotation <b>must</b> be used on all blank pages within an answer booklet (structured or unstructured) and on each page of an additional object where there is no candidate response.
^	Omission mark
BOD	Benefit of doubt
С	Subordinate clause/Consequential error
×	Cross
Е	Expansion of a point
FT	Follow through
NAQ	Not answered question
NBOD	Benefit of doubt not given
Р	Point being made
REP	Repeat
1	Slash
<b>✓</b>	Tick

#### **Subject Specific Marking Instructions**

#### **LEVELS OF RESPONSE QUESTIONS:**

For answers marked by levels of response:

- to determine the level start at the highest level and work down until you reach the level that matches the answer
- to determine the mark within the level, consider the following

The indicative content indicates the expected parameters for candidates' answers, but be prepared to recognise and credit unexpected approaches where they show relevance.

Using 'best-fit', decide first which set of BAND DESCRIPTORS best describes the overall quality of the answer. Once the band is located, adjust the mark concentrating on features of the answer which make it stronger or weaker following the guidelines for refinement\*.

Highest mark: If clear evidence of all the qualities in the band descriptors is shown, the HIGHEST Mark should be awarded.

**Lowest mark:** If the answer shows the candidate to be borderline (i.e. they have achieved all the qualities of the bands below and show limited evidence of meeting the criteria of the band in question) the LOWEST mark should be awarded.

**Middle mark:** This mark should be used for candidates who are secure in the band. They are not 'borderline' but they have only achieved some of the qualities in the band descriptors.

Be prepared to use the full range of marks. Do not reserve (e.g.) high Band 3 marks 'in case' something turns up of a quality you have not yet seen. If an answer gives clear evidence of the qualities described in the band descriptors, reward appropriately.

\*When only two marks are available (low mark band) only use Highest and Lowest mark guidance for 'best-fit'.

	AO2.1a	AO2.1b
High (thorough) (6 – 8 marks)	Precision in the use of terminology. Knowledge shown is consistent and well-developed. Clear appreciation of the question from a range of different perspectives making extensive use of acquired knowledge and principles of computer science.	Understanding of concepts is consistently applied to context enabling a logical and sustained argument to develop. Examples used enhance rather than detract from response.
Middle (reasonable) (3 – 5 marks)	Awareness of the meaning of the terms in the question. Knowledge is sound and effectively demonstrated. Demands of question understood although at times opportunities to make use of acquired knowledge and concepts are not always taken	Understanding of concepts is shown and is applied to context. There is clear evidence that an argument builds and develops through the response but there are times when opportunities are missed to use an example or relate an aspect of understanding to the context provided.
Low (basic) (1 – 2 marks)	Confusion and inability to deconstruct terminology as used in the question. Knowledge partial and superficial. Focus on question narrow and often one-dimensional.	Inability to apply understanding of key concepts in any sustained way to context resulting in tenuous and unsupported statements being made. Examples if used are for the most part irrelevant and unsubstantiated.
0 marks	No response or no response worthy of credit.	No response or no response worthy of credit.

	Questio	n	Answer	Mark	Guidance
1	а		1 mark for each completed space  ROM stands for <b>read</b> only memory. This stores the <b>start-up</b> instructions for a computer and cannot be <b>changed</b> .  RAM stands for <b>random</b> access memory. This stores the instructions and <b>data</b> that are currently being used. If the computer does not have enough RAM to run a process it can makes use of <b>virtual</b> memory.  RAM and ROM are both examples of <b>primary</b> memory. Memory located close to the processor that allows faster access than from RAM is called <b>cache</b> memory.	8	read start-up changed random data virtual primary cache
1	b	(i)	<ul> <li>CPU performs the FDE cycle</li> <li>Process instructions</li> </ul>	1	
		(ii)	<ul> <li>1 mark per bullet to max 2</li> <li>Single core means there is only one processor</li> <li>2.5Ghz means it can run 2.5 billion FDE cycles per second</li> </ul>	2	MP1 BOD single processor Allow instructions for MP2
1	С		1 mark each  PC  MAR  MDR  Accumulator	2	Accept other correct registers (e.g. CIR, IR)  Read first answer on each line
2	а		1 mark for name, max 2 for description. e.g.  user interface allows the user to communicate with the hardware e.g. GUI/command prompt allows the user to input data outputs data to the user  memory management / multitasking moves data between RAM and VM gets data from RAM stores data to RAM	6	Read whole answer for each. Max 2 for description, 1 mark for name.

J2/0/U I		Mark Scheme		novemi
		switches between processes so fast it appears like it is multitasking		
		<ul> <li>peripheral management / drivers</li> <li>allows the installation of drivers to communicate with the peripherals</li> <li>sends data to/from peripherals</li> <li>sends data to/from buffers</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>user management</li> <li>allows the setting up of accounts</li> <li>security / setting of password</li> <li>set different access rights</li> </ul>		
		<ul> <li>file management</li> <li>creation/editing/renaming of files</li> <li>creation/editing/renaming of folders</li> <li>movement of files/folders</li> </ul>		
2 b	i	Perform housekeeping/maintenance tasks	1	Not by example. Allow optimising system.
2 b	ii	<ul> <li>1 mark per bullet to max 3</li> <li>full backup will copy every file and all data</li> <li>incremental will only copy files/data that have changed</li> <li>incremental can only be done once a full backup has been completed</li> <li>reduces time taken to backup each time</li> <li>reduces storage/memory used to backup</li> </ul>	3	
2 c		benefit e.g. other people can improve the program	2	Need to be benefit/drawback to developer
3 a		drawback e.g. cannot charge a fee // other people can use her code  1 mark per bullet to max 2 e.g.  • old devices may just be thrown  •increasing pollution / e-waste  •that will not degrade  • new equipment uses up natural resources  • new equipment increases distribution pollution  • new devices may run more efficiently	2	
		<ul> <li>other people can use the old ones second hand instead of more resources being used</li> </ul>		

_   .			
3 b	1 mark per bullet to max 2 e.g.  • people may feel their devices are out-of-date  • increased cost  • social pressure to keep up-to-date  • increase digital divide  • more second hand become available  • for people who cannot afford new technology  • Increase employment where the devices are being built  Mark Band 3–High Level  (6-8 marks)	8 AO2 1a	The following is indicative of possible factors/evidence that
	The candidate demonstrates a thorough knowledge and understanding of a wide range of considerations in relation to the question; the material is generally accurate and detailed.  The candidate is able to apply their knowledge and understanding directly and consistently to the context provided. Evidence/examples will be explicitly relevant to the explanation.  The candidate is able to weigh up both sides of the discussion and includes reference to the impact on all areas showing thorough recognition of influencing factors.  There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated.  Covers ethical, legal and privacy. Must have positive and negative.  Mark Band 2-Mid Level (3-5 marks)  The candidate demonstrates reasonable knowledge and understanding of a range of considerations in relation to the question; the material is generally accurate but at times underdeveloped.  The candidate is able to apply their knowledge and understanding directly to the context provided although one or two opportunities are missed.  Evidence/examples are for the most part implicitly relevant to the explanation.  The candidate makes a reasonable attempt to discuss the impact on most areas, showing reasonable recognition of influencing factors.  There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is in the most part relevant and supported by some evidence.	(4) AO2 1b (4)	candidates may refer to but is not prescriptive or exhaustive: Indicative Content: Ethical  Pressure to have the best devices  Some students may not have devices  Liability for use  Students are not working on a level playing field Legal  responsibility for damage may not have restrictions e.g. child safety Privacy  Students may have internet traffic monitored in school School may wish to install software on students' devices  Students may use cameras on devices to record other students.

J276/01	Mark Scheme	November 2021
	Mark Band 1-Low Level (1-2 marks)  The candidate demonstrates a basic knowledge of considerations with limited understanding shown; the material is basic and contains some inaccuracies. The candidate makes a limited attempt to apply acquired knowledge and understanding to the context provided.  The candidate provides nothing more than an unsupported assertion.  The information is basic and communicated in an unstructured way. The information is supported by limited evidence and the relationship to the evidence may not be clear.  Covers one from ethical, legal and privacy. May only be positive/negative.	
	0 marks	

No attempt to answer the question or response is not worthy of credit

J2/0/U1	Mark Scheme		novemb
5	1 mark for each completed statement function calculate (measurement, number)	6	Allow singular/plural, ignore case/spelling
	if measurement = "gigabytes" then		
	value = number * 1024 * 1024 * 1024 * 8		
	elseif measurement = "megabytes" then		
	value = number * 1024 * 1024 * 8		
	elseif measurement = "kilobytes" then		
	value = number * 1024 * 8		
	elseif measure = "bytes" then		
	value = number * 8		
	else		
	return -1 // value = -1		
	endif		
	return <b>value</b>		
	endfunction		
6 a	1 mark per bullet to max 2  Software / applications / programs including OS  files	2	Allow each by example such as text files/images. Data is NE Instructions is NE

JZ10/0	<i>)</i>		Iviair Scheme		INOVEILING
6	b	i	1 mark per bullet to max 3	3	Portable is NE
			faster access/read/write speed		no moving parts is NE on its
			Smaller in physical size // more compact // weighs less		own
			More durable/robust		
			Uses less power		
			Runs cooler		
			Quieter when running		
6	b	ii	1 mark per bullet to max 2	2	
			limited number of read/write times		
			more expensive (per byte)		
			(usually) smaller capacity		
7	а		1 mark per bullet	2	LAN is one building is NE -
			either:		this does not make it a LAN.
			LAN is small geographical area		WAN is multiple buildings -
			WAN is over a large geographical area		NE, a LAN can be multiple
			or		buildings.
			LAN (usually) has own/dedicated infrastructure		
			WAN uses external/shared infrastructure // by example (e.g. internet)		
7	b		1 mark per bullet	2	Ignore anything superfluous
			Central switch labelled		
			<ul> <li>all devices connected to central switch only (BOD not labelled switch)</li> </ul>		

J2/6/U	) [		Mark Scheme		novemb
7	С	İ	<ul> <li>1 mark per section</li> <li>Wi-fi frequency</li> <li>5GHz frequency can carry more data per second than a 2.4 GHz frequency // 5GHz frequency has can transfer data faster</li> <li>5GHz frequency has a shorter range so access may be limited</li> <li>Interference</li> <li>Causes errors which means signals need retransmitting which makes more traffic</li> <li>Objects may limit range // objects can block the signal</li> <li>Number of current users</li> <li>more traffic means the same bandwidth is split // each user has less bandwidth // more collisions // more users = more traffic/data sent</li> <li>Type of network traffic</li> <li>transmitting videos/large files will take up more bandwidth than text files</li> </ul>	4	Answer must be more than repeating the question, question is how
7	С	ii	If using wireless or wired     Error rate     Bandwidth	1	Accept others e.g. Topology Distance between nodes
7	С	iii	1 mark per bullet to max 4  Data is split into packets (by originator)  Each packet has a fixed size  Each packet has a header that includes e.g. packet number/destination  Packets are sent individually  Packets can be sent in different routes  The receiving computer waits for all packets  then puts them back in order (by packet number)  sends requests for missing packets // missing packets are resent	4	

J276/01	Mark Scheme	November 2021
021 0/0 I	Mark Concinc	140 4 611110 61 202 1

J276/01	Mark Scheme		Novembe
7 d	1 mark per bullet to max 2 description e.g.  • can delete/corrupt files/data • can change files/data • can prevent the users accessing files • can replicate through (all connected) devices • record keypresses and transmit to third party • steal data • slow network speed // block access to network  1 mark for prevention e.g. • anti-spyware • anti-malware • anti-virus	3	
7 d	<ul> <li>firewall</li> <li>1 mark per bullet to max 2 description</li> <li>e.g.</li> <li>gains access to user's account//access your password</li> <li>can access (private/confidential) data</li> <li>can edit data</li> <li>can delete data</li> <li>can install malware</li> <li>use your gained password elsewhere</li> <li>block your access to your account</li> <li>1 mark for prevention</li> <li>e.g.</li> <li>firewall</li> <li>strong password</li> <li>two-step verification</li> </ul>	3	

J2/6/0	JI	wark Scheme		novembe
7	е	1 mark for each row	4	
		Protocol Email Transferring Accessing files websites		
		POP ✓		
		FTP ✓		
		SMTP ✓		
		HTTPS ✓		
7	f	1 mark per bullet     e.g.	t	
8		mark for each	5 Allow mind	or errors in names

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations)
The Triangle Building
Shaftesbury Road
Cambridge
CB2 8EA

#### **OCR Customer Contact Centre**

## **Education and Learning**

Telephone: 01223 553998 Facsimile: 01223 552627

Email: general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk

### www.ocr.org.uk

For staff training purposes and as part of our quality assurance programme your call may be recorded or monitored

