

Modified Enlarged 18pt

OXFORD CAMBRIDGE AND RSA EXAMINATIONS

Thursday 9 June 2022 – Morning

GCSE (9–1) History A (Explaining the Modern World)

J410/05 South Africa 1960–1994: The People and the State

**Time allowed: 1 hour
plus your additional time allowance**

**YOU MUST HAVE:
the OCR 12-page Answer Booklet**

READ INSTRUCTIONS OVERLEAF



INSTRUCTIONS

Use black ink.

Write your answer to each question in the Answer Booklet. The question numbers must be clearly shown.

Fill in the boxes on the front of the Answer Booklet.

Answer ALL the questions.

INFORMATION

The total mark for this paper is 50.

The marks for each question are shown in brackets [].

Quality of extended response will be assessed in questions marked with an asterisk (*).

ADVICE

Read each question carefully before you start your answer.

SOUTH AFRICA 1960–1994: The People and the State

Answer ALL the questions.

- 1 Describe ONE way that President Botha's Total Strategy dealt with opponents of Apartheid. [2]**
- 2 Explain the importance of the Black Consciousness Movement in the struggle against Apartheid in the 1970s. [10]**
- 3 Explain how the National Party strengthened the Apartheid regime in the 1960s. [10]**

4 (a) Study SOURCE A.

Explain how this source is useful to a historian studying South Africa. [5]

(b) Study SOURCE B.

What is the message of the cartoonist? [5]

SOURCE A

An extract from a speech by Dr Allan Boesak, one of the leaders of the United Democratic Front (UDF), on the night before the 1984 elections.

This is the same government who think they can play God in the lives of people. The same government who detain us without trial, who torture us in their jails and ban those who stand up to speak for justice. Who throw our leaders on Robben Island. This is the government who wants you to go out and vote. You must be crazy to do that!

SOURCE B

A cartoon published in the Sowetan, a newspaper read by many black South Africans, in October 1990. The plane has 'Freedom Flight' written on the side. Many people are getting off the plane. A woman is saying 'As we were saying when we were so rudely interrupted'. A copy of the Sowetan newspaper is on the floor. The headline reads 'Exiles return after many years'. A man is kissing the ground.

EXILES are people who have been forced to live away from their country.



**5* 'The main reason that Apartheid survived in the 1970s was because of the weakness of the international anti-Apartheid movement.'
How far do you agree? [18]**

END OF QUESTION PAPER

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