History A (The Making of the Modern World)

Unit 1: International Relations
The Era of the Cold War, 1943–91

Instructions
• Use black ink or ball-point pen.
• Fill in the boxes at the top of this page with your name, centre number and candidate number.
• Answer ALL questions in Section A. In Section B answer EITHER Question 4(a) OR 4(b) and then Question 5 and Question 6.
• Answer the questions in the spaces provided – there may be more space than you need.

Information
• The total mark for this paper is 53.
• The marks for each question are shown in brackets – use this as a guide as to how much time to spend on each question.
• Questions labelled with an asterisk (*) are ones where the quality of your written communication will be assessed – you should take particular care on these questions with your spelling, punctuation and grammar, as well as the clarity of expression.
• The marks available for spelling, punctuation and grammar are clearly indicated.

Advice
• Read each question carefully before you start to answer it.
• Check your answers if you have time at the end.
SECTION A

Answer Question 1, Question 2 and Question 3.

Question 1

Study Source A.

Source A: From a school textbook, written in 2001. It is describing the introduction of the Prague Spring reforms of 1968.

Alexander Dubček introduced a series of reforms which became known as the Prague Spring. Czechs called his policies ‘Socialism with a human face’. He began to make Czechoslovakia less repressive and announced free elections. Dubček also announced a reduction in the powers of the secret police. Dubček wanted to end travel restrictions to the West and allow all Czechs, and not just a few trusted communists, to go there. By July 1968, Brezhnev, the leader of the Soviet Union, had become concerned by these reforms.

1 Give two ways from Source A which show how Dubček ‘introduced a series of reforms which became known as the Prague Spring’ (Source A lines 1–2).

(Total for Question 1 = 2 marks)
2 Outline **two** steps that Brezhnev took to oppose the policies of Dubček.

(Total for Question 2 = 4 marks)
Question 3
Study Sources B and C.

**Source B:** A cartoon published in a US newspaper, June 1948.

**Source C:** From a letter written by Philip Jessup to President Truman, April 1949. Jessup was a senior US representative at the United Nations from 1945 to 1949.

There are aspects of Soviet policy which have caused a feeling of insecurity in Europe. One aspect is the Soviet failure to co-operate with the United Nations. Secondly there is the Soviet acceptance that there will be a series of conflicts with the West. The United States can help to reduce or end this insecurity by making a strong and clear statement of its aims. The North Atlantic Treaty does this. The treaty is a reasonable response to the developments in international relations since 1945.
3 How useful are Sources B and C as evidence of the reasons for the USA's involvement in the formation of the North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) in 1949?

Explain your answer, using Sources B and C and your own knowledge.

(10)
SECTION B

Answer EITHER Question 4(a) OR Question 4(b).

EITHER

4 (a) Describe the key features of the decisions made about Germany at the Potsdam Conference, 1945.

(6)

OR

4 (b) Describe the key features of the Bay of Pigs invasion, 1961.

(6)

Indicate which question you are answering by marking a cross in the box ☑. If you change your mind, put a line through the box ☐ and then indicate your new question with a cross ☑.

Chosen Question Number:  Question 4(a) ☐  Question 4(b) ☑
5 Explain the importance of three of the following in international relations.

- The Truman Doctrine, 1947
- The Hungarian Uprising, 1956
- The construction of the Berlin Wall, 1961
- The end of the Warsaw Pact, 1991

(Total for each part = 5 marks)
(Total for Question 5 = 15 marks)
Indicate your FIRST choice on this page.

Indicate which part you are answering by marking a cross in the box ☑. If you change your mind, put a line through the box ☒ and then indicate your new topic with a cross ☑.

The Truman Doctrine, 1947
The Hungarian Uprising, 1956
The construction of the Berlin Wall, 1961
The end of the Warsaw Pact, 1991
Indicate your SECOND choice on this page.

Indicate which part you are answering by marking a cross in the box ☐. If you change your mind, put a line through the box ☒ and then indicate your new topic with a cross ☐.

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<td>The Truman Doctrine, 1947</td>
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Indicate your THIRD choice on this page.

Indicate which part you are answering by marking a cross in the box ☒. If you change your mind, put a line through the box ☐ and then indicate your new topic with a cross ☒.

The Truman Doctrine, 1947 ☐
The Hungarian Uprising, 1956 ☐
The construction of the Berlin Wall, 1961 ☐
The end of the Warsaw Pact, 1991 ☐
Answer Question 6.

Spelling, punctuation and grammar will be assessed in this question.

*6* Explain why relations between the USA and the Soviet Union changed in the years 1979–87.

(13)

You may use the following in your answer.

- The Carter Doctrine
- Mikhail Gorbachev

You **must** also include information of your own.