Surname	Centre Number	Candidate Number
First name(s)		0

GCSE



3110U20-1

TUESDAY, 7 JUNE 2022 – AFTERNOON

GEOGRAPHY Unit 2: Environmental and Developmental Issues

1 hour 30 minutes

	For Exa	miner's use	only
		Maximum Mark	Mark Awarded
	Question 1	28	
	Question 2	28	
	Writing accurately	3	
either	Question 3	24	
or	Question 4	24	
	Total	83	

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ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

In addition to this paper you may use a calculator and a ruler if required.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do not use gel pen or correction fluid.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer **both** questions in Section A.

Answer **one** question from Section B.

Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet.

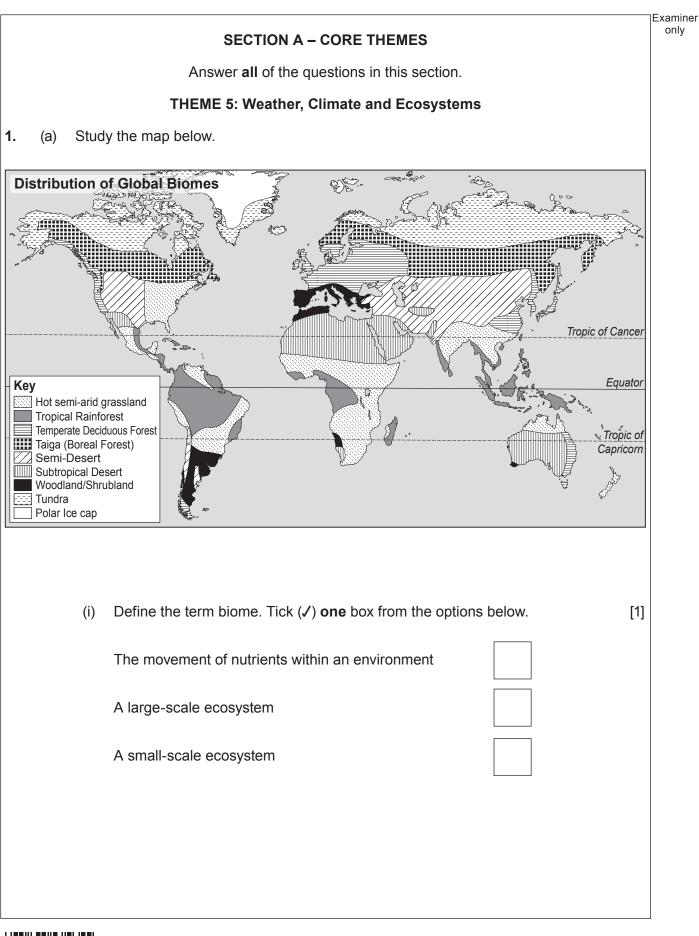
Additional space is provided for some questions within the booklet (if required). If further space is required for any question, you should use the lined page(s) at the end of this booklet. The question number(s) should be clearly shown.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets [] at the end of each question.

Your ability to communicate and organise your ideas will be assessed in questions that are worth 6 or 8 marks. The accuracy of your writing will be assessed in your answer to question 2(c).







(ii) Describe the global distribution of tropical rainforests. [2]
(iii) Explain why tropical rainforests are found in these areas. [4]
(i) Give two types of human activity that lead to deforestation in tropical rainforests. [2]

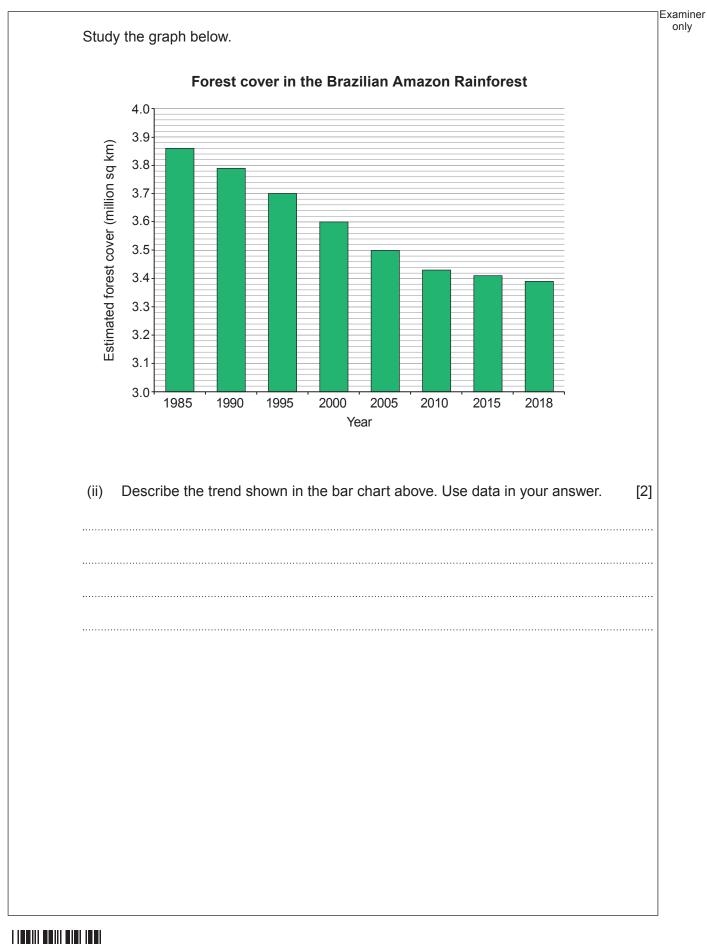
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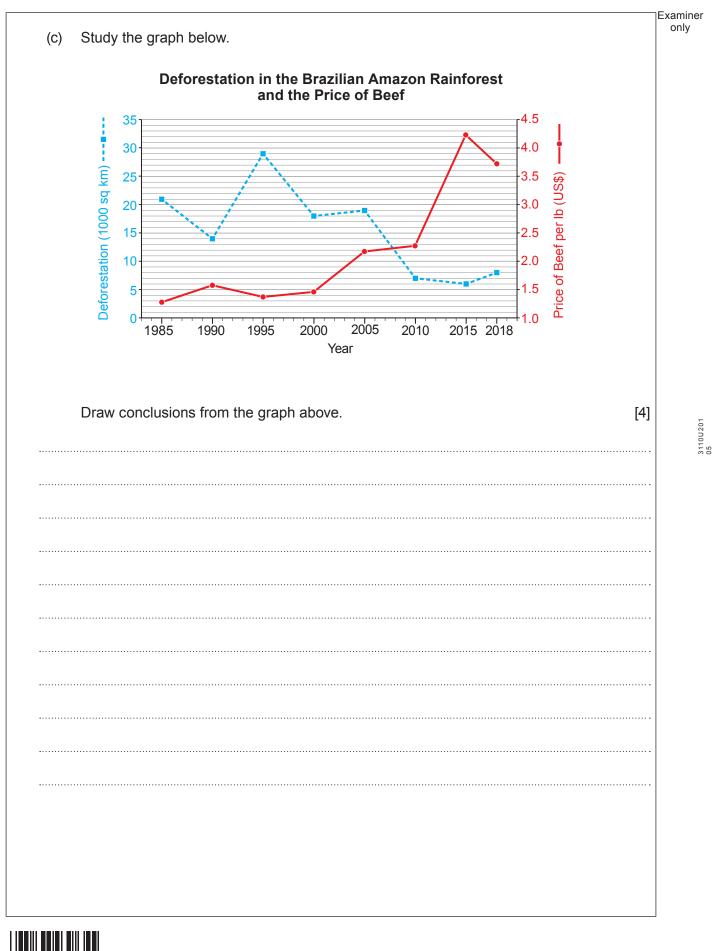
(b)

Activity 2

Examiner only









6 Examiner only Study the image below. A small area of Amazon Rainforest cleared for small-scale food production. (d) Untouched rainforest Cassava crops planted Suggest why the rainforest in this photograph is being cleared. (i) [3] Mono-culture is a type of farming found in tropical rainforest areas. (ii) Describe mono-culture. [2] (iii) Give one reason why food production reduces biodiversity in tropical rainforests. [2]



(iv) Study	the resource below.		E	Examine only
Ch	allenges of Food Produc	tion in Tropical Rainfore	sts	
Habitat D	Destruction	enges Soil Ero	sion	
Large-scale (regional)	Small-scale (local)	Large-scale (regional)	Small-scale (local)	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
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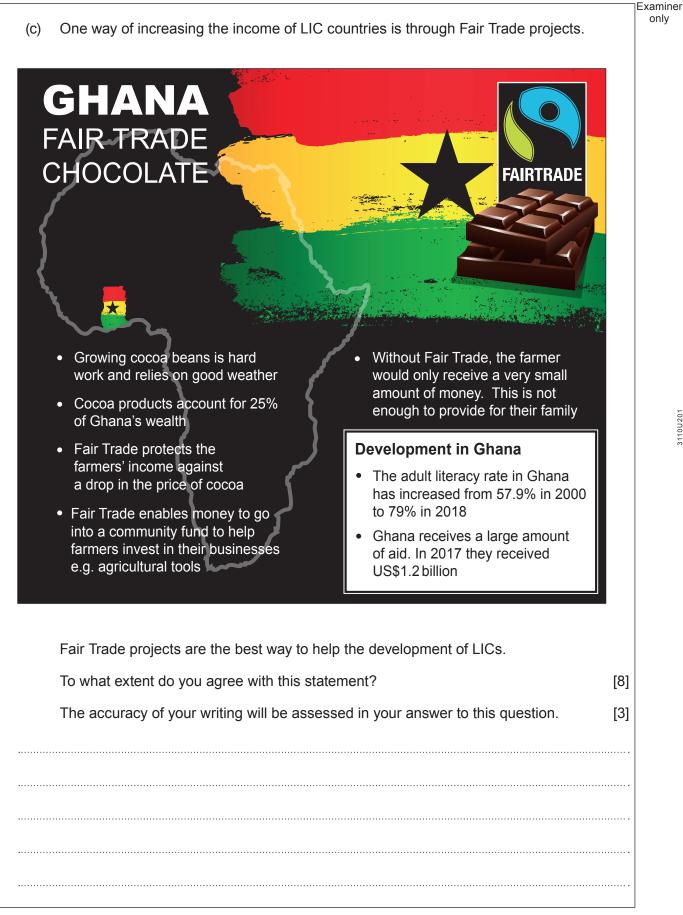
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	End	of Question 1	
08			
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			THEME	6: Development and Resource Issues		only
•	(a)	(i)	Identify the key t Put the correct le	erms for the following definitions using th etter next to the definition.	e table below.	[2]
				e wealth, standard of education and untries across the world		
			The total value o owned by a cour	f money (including goods and services) htry		
			Letter	Term		
			A	National Wealth	-	
			В	Global Trade		
			С	Imports		
			D	Global Inequalities		
			E	Geo-Political Relationships		
		(ii) 	Give one reasor	why economic measures of developmer	nt have limitations.	[2]
		·····				



	GNI =	Gross National I	ncome		
Country	GNI per capita 2010	GNI per capita 2018	Percentage (%) increase or decrease	Type of country	
UK	38540	42340		HIC	
Denmark	58980	60190	2	HIC	
Germany	43330	47180	9	HIC	
Japan	42150	41340	-2	HIC	
Netherlands	49720	51260	3	HIC	
Botswana	6890	7750	12	LIC	
Angola	3960	3370	–15	LIC	
Belize	3740	4720	26	LIC	
Kenya	780	1620	108	LIC	
Namibia	4650	5250	13	LIC	
	ncome Country ate the percentag	e increase in GN	I per capita for th	ie UK. Show youi	[2]
(i) Calcula	ate the percentage	e increase in GN			[2]
(i) Calcula working	ate the percentage		Answer:		[2]
(i) Calcula working	ate the percentage		Answer:		[2]
(i) Calcula working	ate the percentage		Answer:		[2] % table.
(i) Calcula working	ate the percentage		Answer:		[2] % table.
(i) Calcula working	ate the percentage		Answer:		[2] % table.







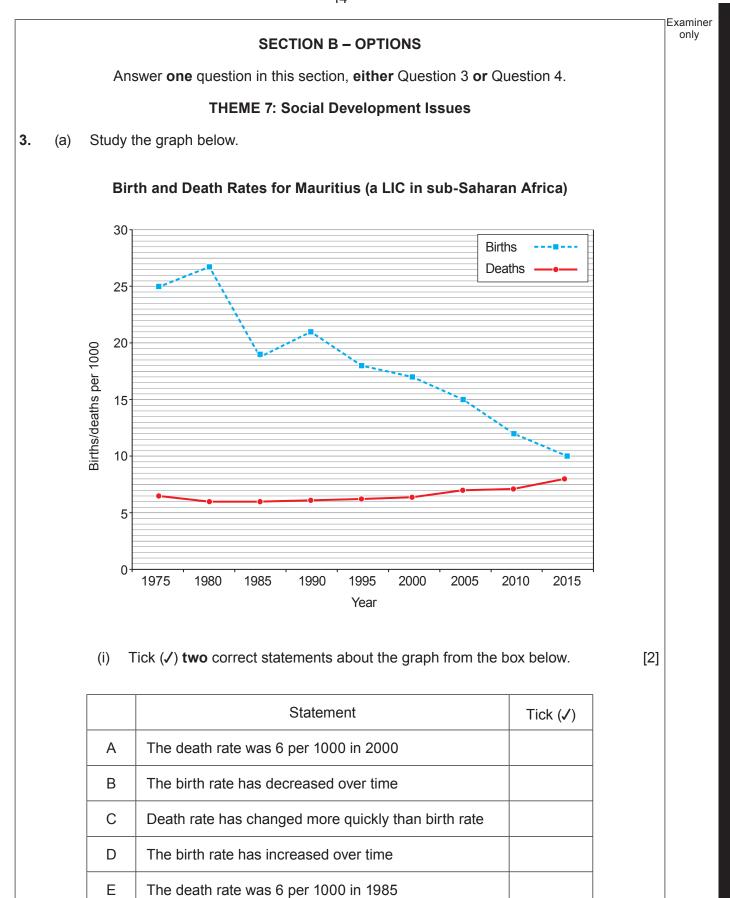
only

	E
Additional space for 2 (c) only:	



Examiner only (d) There are also inequalities between regions in the UK. Some regions of the UK are more deprived than others. Describe how a negative multiplier affects a deprived region in the UK. [4] (i) (ii) Explain why investment can create growth in deprived regions. [6] _____ Additional space for 2(d)(ii) only: **End of Question 2**





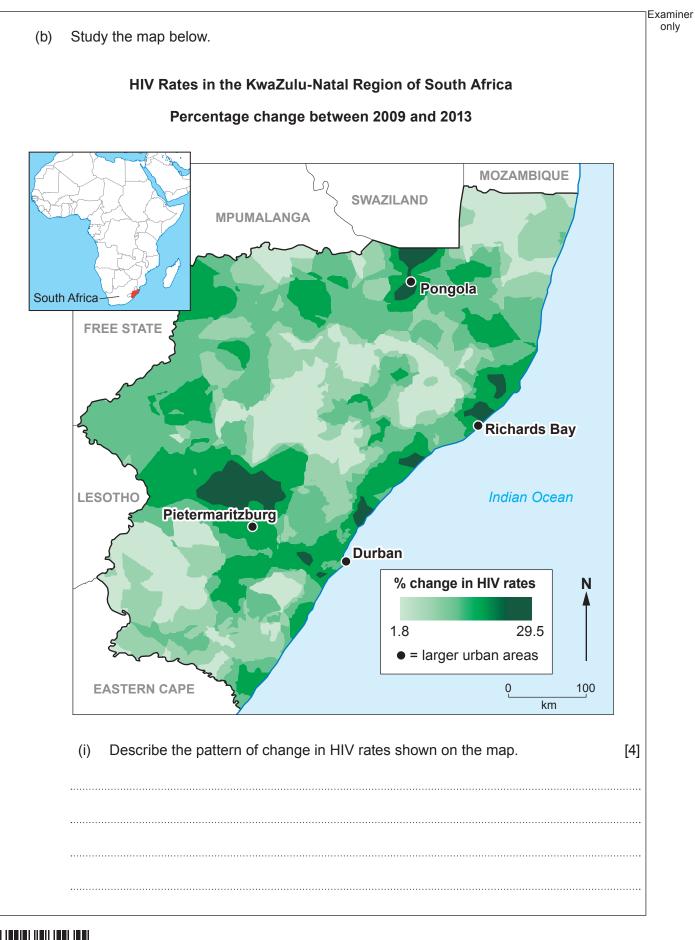


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(ii)	Give two social factors that influence death rates.	[2
	Social factor 1	-
	Social factor 2	
(iii) 	Suggest why the death rate shown in the graph opposite has changed.	[2
(iv)	Explain why social factors can influence changing birth rates in sub-Saharan Africa.	[6
•••••		
•••••		
•••••		•••••



Additional space for	• 3 (a)(iv) only:		
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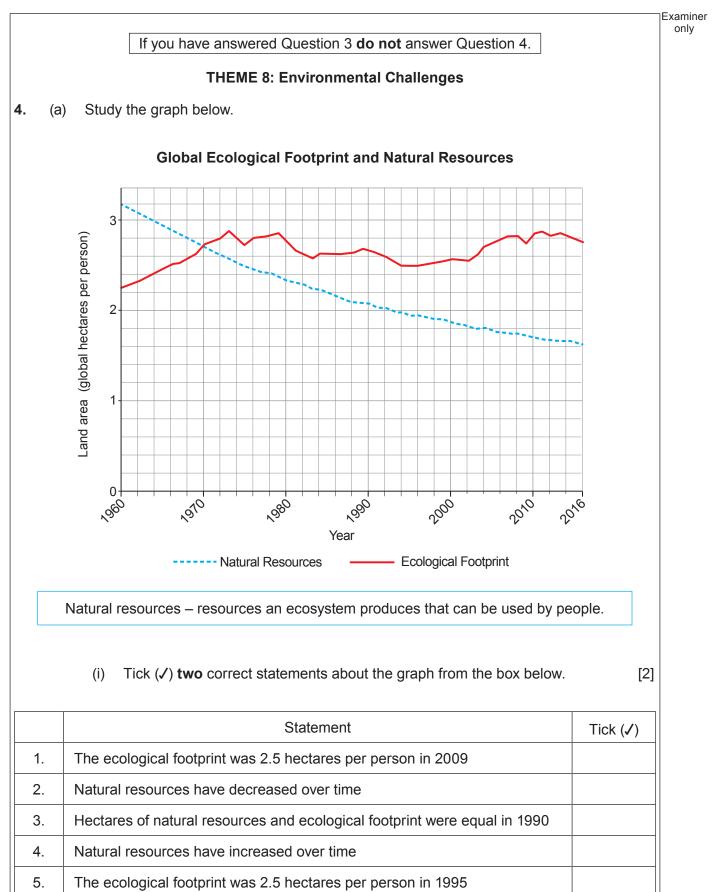




······	
(ii)	Describe one challenge created by HIV in sub-Saharan Africa [2
:) Stu	dy the images below. Some methods of tackling HIV infections in sub-Saharan Africa
July 1	



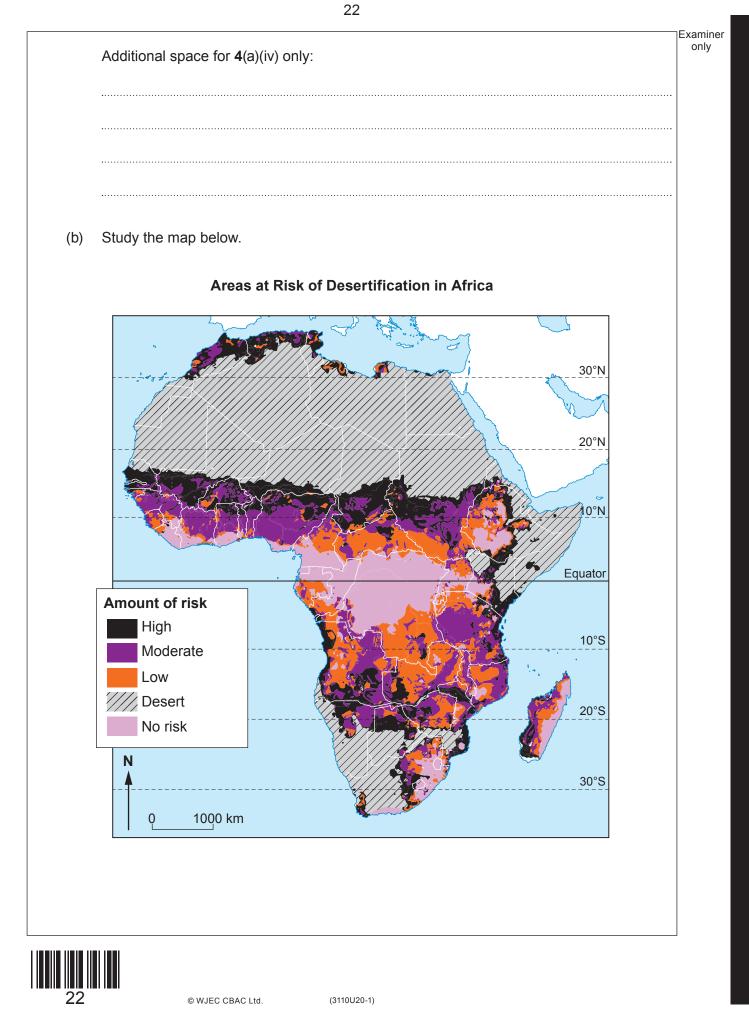
			Exa o
Additional space f	or 3 (c) only:		
	E	nd of Question 3	





(ii)	Suggest one issue that arises after 1970 on the graph.	[2]
•••••		
(iii)	Describe two factors that influence the size of a person's ecological footprint.	[4]
	Factor 1	
•••••		
	Factor 2	
(iv)	Growing consumerism may lead to further environmental impacts.	
(iv)	Growing consumerism may lead to further environmental impacts. Explain why monitoring ecological footprints is important for future environmer planning.	ntal [6]
(iv)	Explain why monitoring ecological footprints is important for future environmer	
	Explain why monitoring ecological footprints is important for future environmer planning.	
	Explain why monitoring ecological footprints is important for future environmer planning.	[6]
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	Explain why monitoring ecological footprints is important for future environmer planning.	[6]





Examiner only Describe the pattern of areas at risk of desertification in Africa as shown on the map. [4] 23





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Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question number(s) in the left-hand margin.	Examiner only



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