Surname		Centre Number	Candidate Number
First name(s)			0
	GCSE		



TUESDAY, 14 JUNE 2022 – MORNING

GEOGRAPHY B – Component 3 Applied Fieldwork Enquiry

1 hour 15 minutes

C112U30-1

For Exa	aminer's us	e only
	Maximum Mark	Awarded Mark
Part A	12	
Part B	12	
Part C	36	
SPaG	4	
Total Marks	64	

ADDITIONAL MATERIALS

wjec

Resource folder. You may also require a calculator and a ruler.

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

Use black ink or black ball-point pen. Do not use gel pen or correction fluid.

You may use a pencil for graphs and diagrams only.

Write your name, centre number and candidate number in the spaces at the top of this page.

Answer **all** questions.

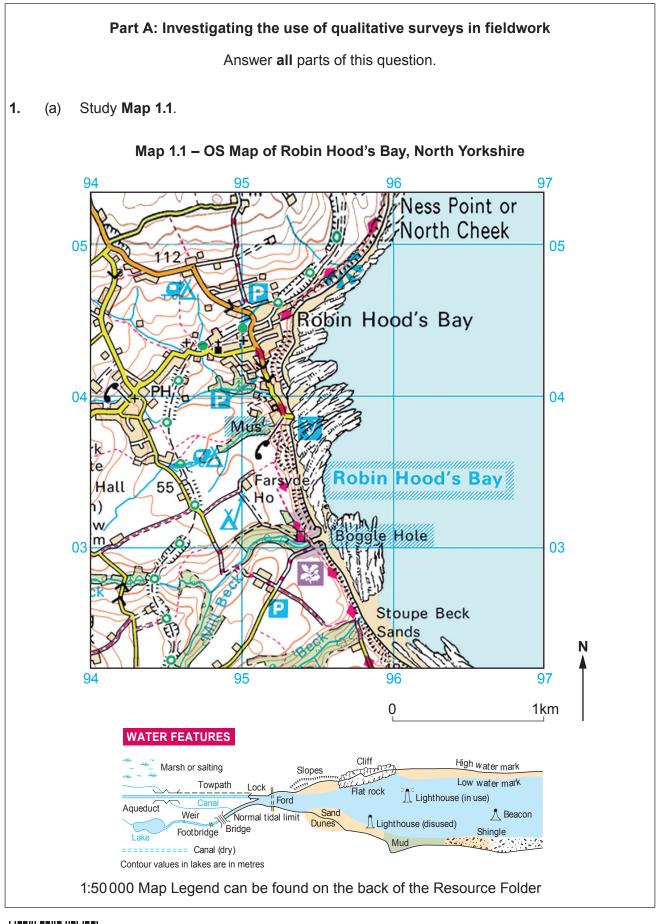
Write your answers in the spaces provided in this booklet. Additional space is provided for some questions within the booklet (if required). If further space is required for any question, use the additional pages at the back of the booklet, taking care to number the question(s) correctly.

INFORMATION FOR CANDIDATES

The number of marks is given in brackets at the end of each question or part-question.

You are reminded that assessment will take into account your ability to spell, punctuate and use grammar and specialist terms accurately in your answer to Part C, Question 3(f).







Students carried out an investigation into the risk of coastal erosion. They used a sampling technique to select specific locations to collect data along the coastline. Give one advantage of using a sampling technique to select fieldwork sites in the area shown on Map 1.1.

3

Students used a bipolar survey to evaluate the risk of coastal erosion at 4 fieldwork sites. Diagram 1.2 below shows part of their recording sheet.

Diagram 1.2 – Bipolar survey investigating the risk of coastal erosion

	Increases			Risk le	vel			Decreases
	erosion	Very high	High	Moderate	Some	Little	None	erosion
Rock Structure	Evidence of rock weakness, lots of cracks/joints							No evidence of rock weakness and no obvious cracks/joints
Coastal Protection								

Select the correct pair of statements to complete **Diagram 1.2**. Tick (\checkmark) one box. (ii)

[1]

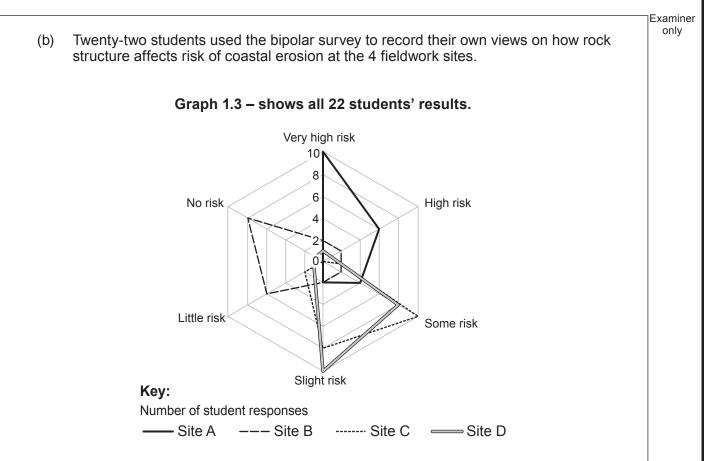
Increases erosion risk	Decreases erosion risk	Tick (√) one box
Sea defences present.	Sea defences broken or non-existent.	
Sea defences broken or non-existent.	Sea defences present.	
Sea defences look ugly.	Sea defences look attractive.	



(i)

Examiner only

[2]



(i) Study **Graph 1.3**. Circle the correct site letters in the table below.

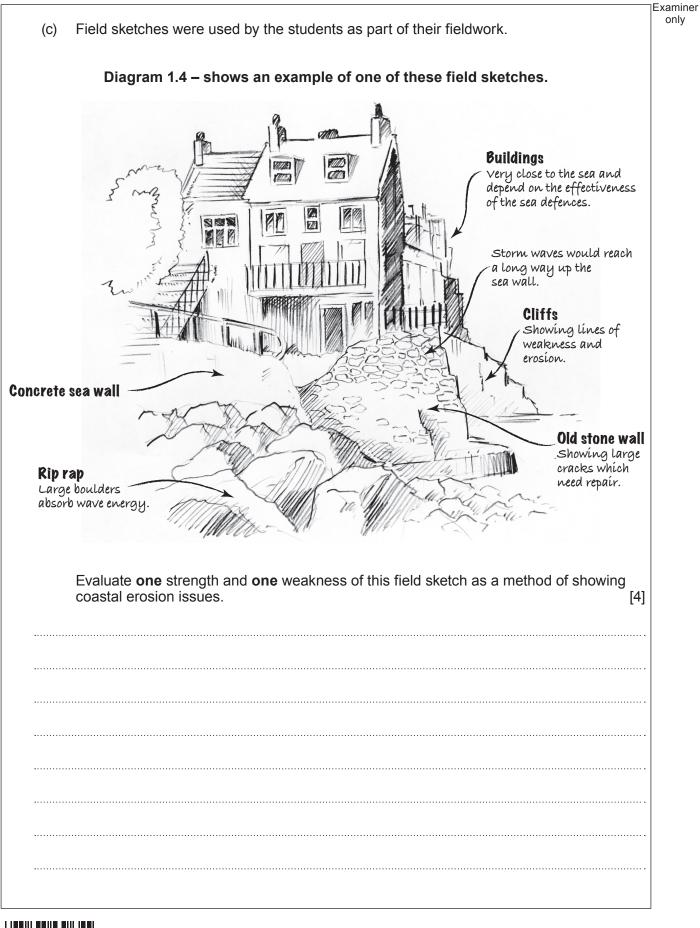
Risk of erosion due to rock structure	Circle	e the co	orrect s	site(s)
Which site has a very high risk? Circle one site.	Α	В	С	D
Which site did 8 students think had no risk? Circle one site.	A	В	С	D
Which two sites have similar levels of risk? Circle two sites.	A	в	С	D



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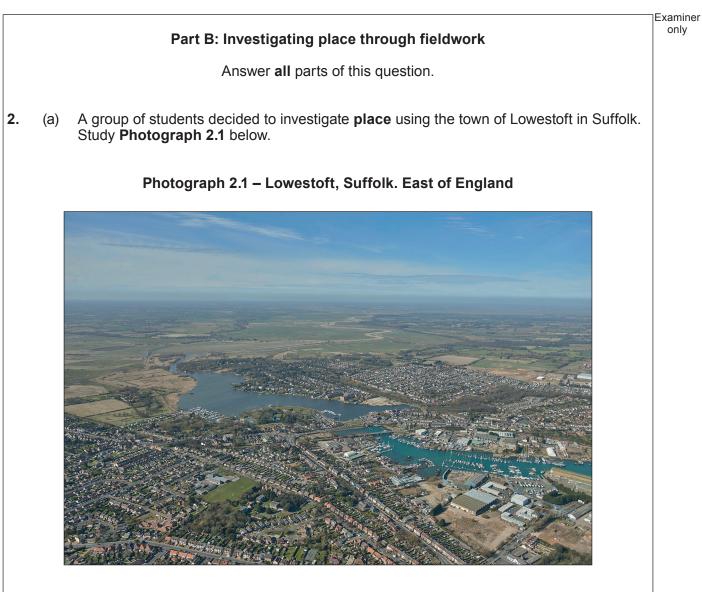
[3]

							E>	xaminer
(ii)	The students used a coastal erosion differ	questionna ently base	aire to inve d on how fa	stigate whe	ether local ev live fron	people vie the sea.	ewed	only
	One part of the stude							
Howf	ar do you live from the	sea?	1–5	5–10	10–15	15–20		
HOWI		569 (1-5	5-10	10-15	15-20		
	Suggest two improve	ements tha	t could be	made to th	is part of t	he questio	nnaire. [2]	
	Improvement 1							
	Improvement 2							
								301
								C112U301
							1	
05	© WJEC CBAC Ltd.	(C11	2U30-1)			Т	urn over.	





Additional s	pace for question	1 (c) only:	Examiner only
		END OF PART A	
			C112U301 07
			66
07			
07	© WJEC CBAC Ltd.	(C112U30-1)	Turn over.



Tick (✓) **two** enquiry questions that could be chosen in an investigation of **place** in Lowestoft.

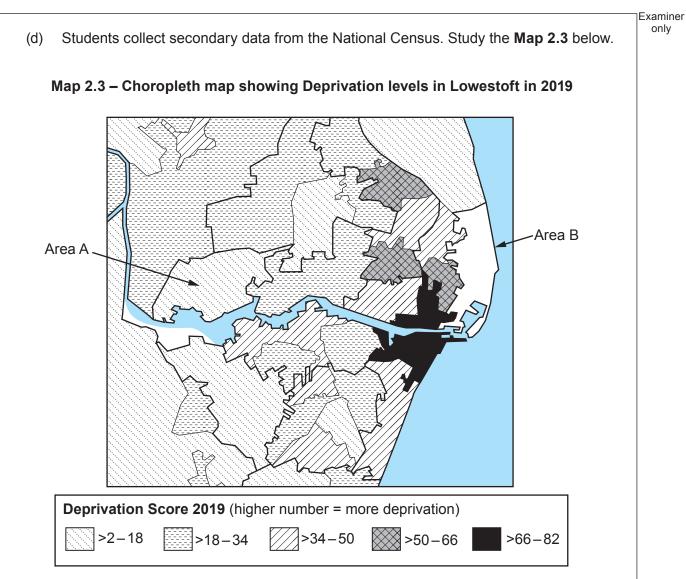
[2]

Enquiry Question	Tick (√) two
Do flood levels in Lowestoft increase in winter?	
Does living near the river influence how positively people view Lowestoft?	
Is farming economically sustainable in this area?	
Does the length of time residents have lived in Lowestoft affect how they view the city?	
Does the velocity of the river change downstream?	



	9	
(b)	A student has written a description of the location of Lowestoft, which contains two mistakes. Study Text box 2.2 , which shows part of their description, and the maps c pages 2 and 3 of the Resource Folder.	on
	Text box 2.2 – Location of Lowestoft	
	Lowestoft ís a coastal town in Western England. It is north	
	east of London, in the county of Suffolk. Lowestoft is located	
	around Lake Lothing (Grid Reference 5692) and Oulton	
	Broad (Grid Reference 5192).	
	Identify and correct the two mistakes in the student's description of the location of Lowestoft. Complete the table below.	[4]
/listake 1	Correction 1	
/listake 2	Correction 2	
(C)	The students designed a fieldwork recording sheet to compare the environment of East Lowestoft and West Lowestoft.	
	Study the recording sheet on page 4 of the Resource Folder . Explain one strength and one weakness of this data recording sheet.	[4]
	Strength	
	Waskass	
	Weakness	
••••••		
••••••		
••••••		





(i) In 2019 Area B had a deprivation score of 72. Complete Map 2.3 for Area B. [1]



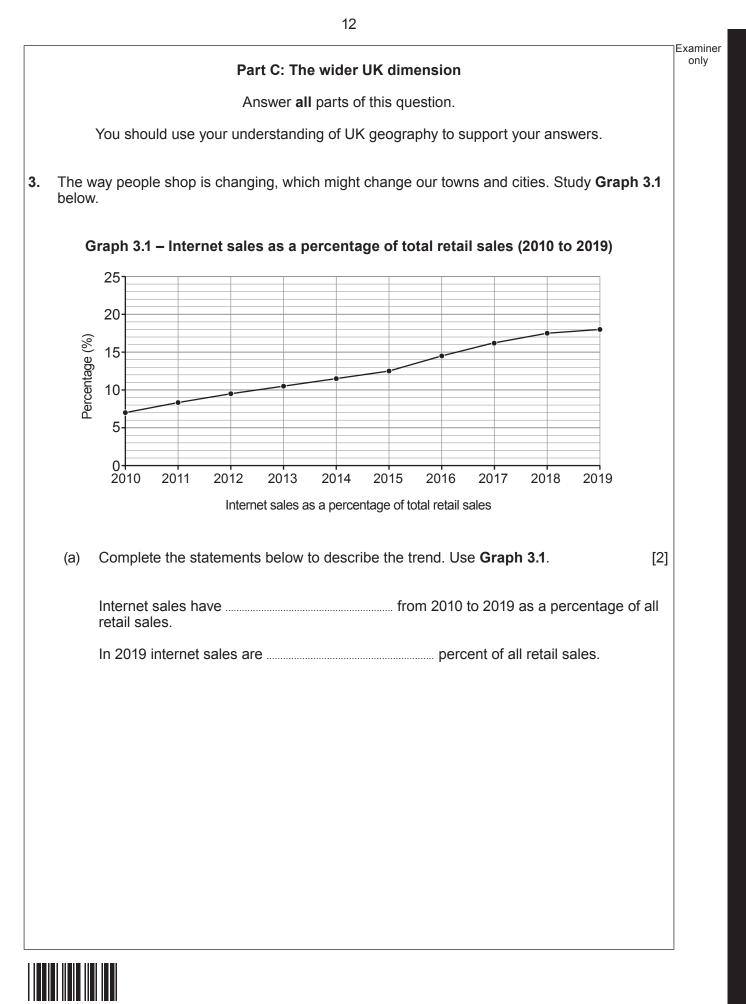
© WJEC CBAC Ltd.

(ii) Tick (✓) one correct conclusion that can be drawn from Map 2.3 .	[1]	Examiner only
	Tick (√) one	
Area A is a more deprived area than Area B, so that people are likely to have less income, employment and education.		
Area B is a more deprived area than Area A, so people are likely to suffer more		

crime, barriers to housing and health challenges.	L
Area A is the most deprived area in Lowestoft, so people are likely to have less income and suffer more crime than the rest of Lowestoft.	

END OF PART B





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(i) Explain why retail provision is changing in the UK. [6
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	i) Online (internet) shopping can have social and economic impacts. Explain why. [6
(ii	i) Online (internet) shopping can have social and economic impacts. Explain why. [6
	i) Online (internet) shopping can have social and economic impacts. Explain why. [6
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			Examine
(C)	Crom Reso	npton Place is Bolton's central retail area. Study the information on page 5 of the burce Folder .	only
	(i)	Calculate the percentage of vacant retail premises in Crompton Place's ground floor. Show your working.	[3]
P	ercent	tage of vacant retail premises in Crompton Place's ground floor	%
	(ii)	The number of vacant retail premises in the UK is 9% of all available retail premises.	
		Compare the percentage of vacant retail premises in Crompton Place's ground floor to the rest of the UK.	[1]



- (d) Crompton Place is undergoing proposed changes. Study **Diagram 3.2** and **Table 3.3** below.
 - (i) Give **two** ways that **Diagram 3.2** could be improved to represent the data in **Table 3.3** more clearly.

Diagram 3.2 – Proposed new additions to Crompton Place's retail area

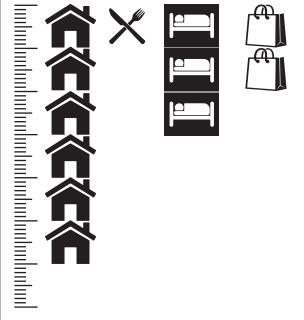


Table 3.3

Homes	150
Food units	25
Hotel beds	75
Retail units	50

14/01/1		
Way 1		
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Way 2		



Examiner only

[2]

Study Table 3.4.

Table 3.4 – Use of floor space

Leisure space (m ²)	12000
Office space (m ²)	10000
Events space (m ²)	15000

(ii) Select **one** correct numerical method to compare the amount of office space with events space shown in **Table 3.4**. [1]

Examiner

only

	Tick (√) one box
Inter-quartile range	
Ratio	
Mean	

(iii) Suggest why a pie chart would be a suitable graph to show the data for Leisure, Office and Events space in **Table 3.4**. [1]

(e) Study **Table 3.5** below.

Table 3.5 – Average amount spent when shopping is combined with other activities

Activity	Average spend (£)
Entertainment	87.50
Banking	75.16
Refreshments	74.63
Visiting parks	34.48
Average	67.94

Suggest why a bar chart is a suitable way to represent this data.	[2]		
	•••••		



(f) Retail provision is changing in the UK and this is changing our towns and high streets. Study the picture on page 6 of the Resource Folder. "Changing shopping habits have brought positive new developments to UK towns and high streets." To what extent do you agree with the statement? Use information in the exam paper, Resource Folder and your wider understanding of the UK to support your answer. [12] Your ability to spell, punctuate and use grammar and specialist terms accurately will be assessed in your answer to this question. [4]			∣Examir
high streets." To what extent do you agree with the statement? Use information in the exam paper, Resource Folder and your wider understanding of the UK to support your answer. [12] Your ability to spell, punctuate and use grammar and specialist terms accurately will be assessed in your answer to this question. [4]	(f)	Retail provision is changing in the UK and this is changing our towns and high streets. Study the picture on page 6 of the Resource Folder .	only
Use information in the exam paper, Resource Folder and your wider understanding of the UK to support your answer. [12] Your ability to spell, punctuate and use grammar and specialist terms accurately will be assessed in your answer to this question. [4]			
the UK to support your answer. [12] Your ability to spell, punctuate and use grammar and specialist terms accurately will be assessed in your answer to this question. [4]		To what extent do you agree with the statement?	
assessed in your answer to this question. [4]			
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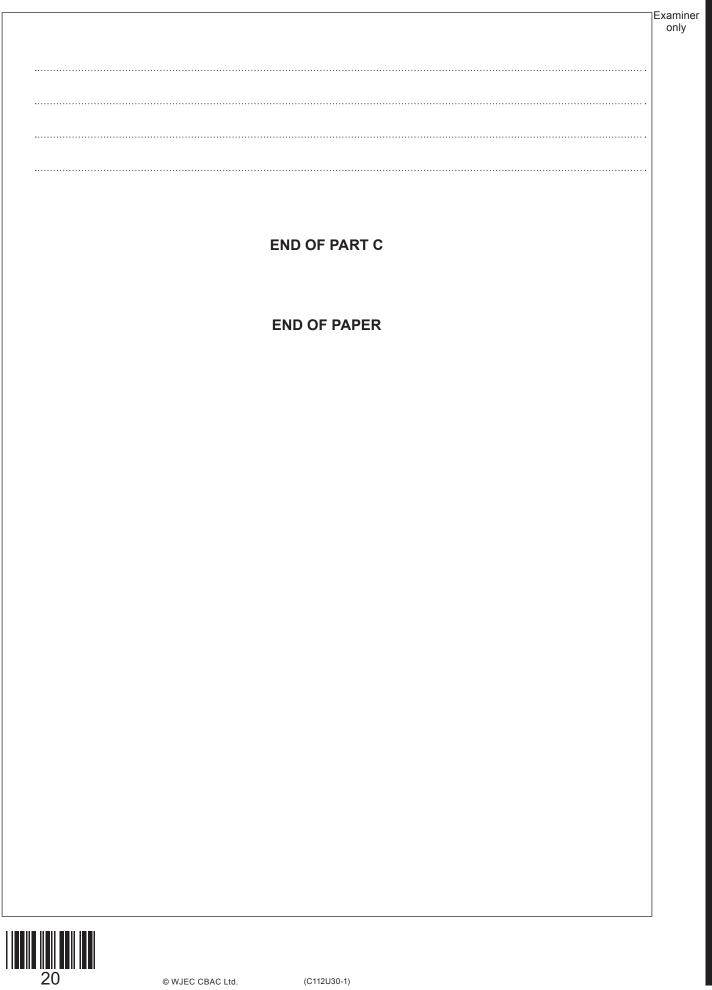


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			Ex
Additional space for c	question 3 (f) only:	 	





Question number	Additional page, if required. Write the question number(s) in the left-hand margin.	Examine only
		1
		1



22

PLEASE DO NOT WRITE ON THIS PAGE



23

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24

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TUESDAY, 14 JUNE 2022 – MORNING

GEOGRAPHY B – Component 3

RESOURCE FOLDER

This folder is for use with questions in **Component 3**. This folder need not be handed in with your answer booklet.



Maps to show the location of Lowestoft, Suffolk, East England.

Map 1: National location

Map 2: Regional location



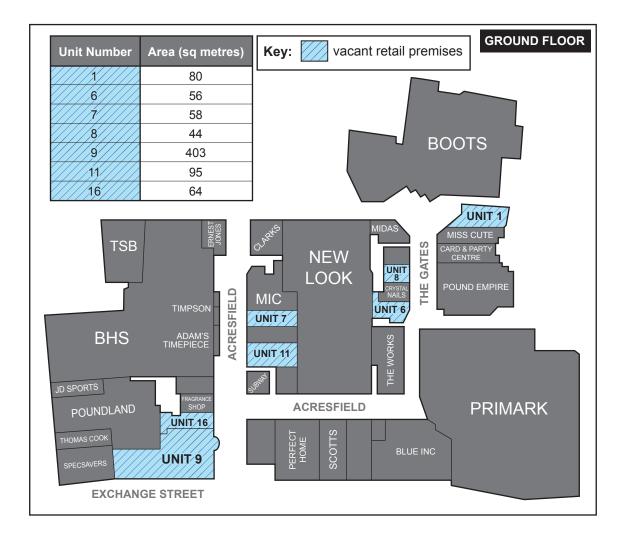
Map 3: Ordnance Survey map

3

Turn over.

Completed recording sheet to compare East and West Lowestoft

L	ocation: West Waveney:		18 th (Oct	202	20						t et 20	300 3	
	ype & quality of ouses:	Crime opportuniti	es:						Gra	ffiti Survey		Location: Photo from 10 m	Location: Photo from 10 m	Location: Photo from 10 m
		1. Burglar alarm	s	/					Feature		Score	Total Score	Total Score	Total Score
Hou Big	ses are large 5 well-kept gardens. Detached houses. So	2. Security lights							Maximum size of words or pictures	0-20 cm 21-40 cm Over 41 cm	1 2 3	2		
Sert 2.	Ses are large 5 well-Rep gardens. Detached houses. So i Damage 10 house. Not Paint peeling None.	3. CCTV 4. Neighbourhoo	od wa	atcł	۱				Content	Funny or positive, artistic & decorative	1			
3.	Broken windows	e. 5. Quiet street								Likely to be offensive Obscene	2	2		
5.	Vegetation growing								Visibility	Visible from 1–5 m away & only from one place.	-			
	in concrete	Environment Quality	5	4	S 3	core 2	1 N	one		Visible from 6–10 m away & from multiple places	2			
		Amount of Litter				V				& angles. Visible from 11 m	5	5		
		Green space Graffiti	_				<u> </u>			and further. Highly visible from lots of places				
		Footpaths							Method	Colours that blend in with the environment.	1			
		Lighting Traffic noise and	cars							Bright or bold colours, paint or aerosol.	3	3		
										Total	Score	12		



Ground floor plan for Crompton Place: a shopping centre in Bolton, Lancashire

Data for Crompton Place

• The ground floor area covers a total area of 6300 square metres.



Artist's impression of the changing UK high street

LAND FEATURES

ABBREVIATIONS

Bridge

Cemetry

College

Farm

House

Hospital

Milepost

Visitor centre

Walks / trails

Picnic site Youth hostel

Golf course or links

Garden / arboretum

V

 ∇

Cattle grid

Clubhouse

Br

Cemy

CG

СН

Coll Fm

Ho

Hospl

MP

Landranger series (1:50 000 scale) LANDRANGER MAP SYMBOLS



See website for full list

ROADS AND PATHS	Not necessarily rights of way
Service area S 1 Junction number	Motorway (dual carriageway)
Unfenced Dual carriageway A 470 Footbridge	Primary Route Main road
A 493	Road under construction Secondary road
B 4518	Narrow road with passing places
I	Road generally more than 4m wide Road generally less than 4m wide
	Other road, drive or track Path
	Gradient: steeper than 20% (1 in 5)/ 14% to 20% (1 in 7 to 1 in 5) Gates / Road tunnel
Ferry P Ferry V	Ferry (passenger) / Ferry (vehicle)

	Cutting, embankment	+	Graticule intersection at 5' intervals
<u>x x x</u>	Electricity transmission line (pylons shown at standard spacing)		Landfill site or slag/spoil heap
>>>	Pipe line (arrow indicates direction of flow)	* * *	Coniferous wood
h ruin	Buildings	000 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	Non-coniferous wood
	Important building (selected)	*****	Mixed wood
~	Bus or coach station		Orchard
Ø	Glass structure		Orchard
Θ	Heliport		Park or ornamental ground
∔ ♦	Current or former place of worship; with tower with spire, minaret or dome		Access land (symbols indicate owner or agency - see below)
+	Place of worship	4	Forestry Commission
Δ	Triangulation pillar	\otimes	Natural Resources Wales
ĩ	Mast		National Trust; always open,
ľ	Wind pump	* *	limited access - observe local signs
Ϋ́λ	Wind turbine		National Trust for Scotland;
还	Windmill with or without sails	8	always open, limited access - observe local signs

MS

Mus

Ρ

PC

PH

Sta

Sch

ΤН

Univ

Milestone

Museum

Station

School

University

Post office

Public house

Public convenience (in rural areas)

Town Hall, Guildhall or equivalent

RAILWAYS

 Track multiple or single	a	Station, (a) principal
 Track under construction		Siding
Light rail system, narrow gauge or tramway		Light rail system station
Bridges, footbridge		Level crossing
 Tunnel, cutting		Viaduct, embankment

PUBLIC RIGHTS OF WAY Not shown on maps of Scotland Public rights of way shown on this map have been taken from local authority definitive maps and later ----- Footpath Bridleway amendments. Restricted byway (not for use by The symbols show the defined route so far as the scale of the mapping will allow. mechanically propelled vehicles) +-+-+ Byway open to all traffic Rights of way are liable to change and may not be clearly defined on the ground. Please check with the relevant local authority for the latest information. Rights of way are not shown on maps The representation on this map of any other road, track or path is no evedence of the existence of a right of way. in Scotland.

OTHER PUBLIC ACCESS

National Trail, Scotland's Great Trails. Other route with public access • European Long Distance Path and selected Recreational Routes (not normally shown in urban areas) The exact nature of the rights on • On-road cycle route • . these routes and the existence of any restrictions may be checked with the local highway authority. 0 0 0 Traffic-free cycle route Cycle Network number; National / Regional 4 8 Alignments are based on the best information available. These routes

Danger Area Firing and Test Ranges in the area. Danger! Observe warning notices.

BOUNDARIES

+ + + + + District National Park	+-+-+	National	 County, Unitary Authority, Metropolitan District or London Borough
		District	National Park

WATER FEATURES

Marsh or salting	Slopes Cliff	High water mark
Aqueduct Canal Fo	Flat rock	Lighthouse (in use)
Eake Footbridge Bridge		Shingle

ARCHAEOLOGICAL A	ND HISTO	RICAL INFO	RMATION	
+ Site of antiquity ☆ ···· Visible earthwork	VILLA Castle	Roman Non-Roman	∞1066	Site of battle (with date)
HEIGHTS		RO	CK FEATL	JRES
	are at 10 ertical interva		Cliff 650	TT-
Heights a 14.4 nearest r mean se	are to the netre above a level	the Car	Outc	rop 600
Where two heights are shown, the first is the height of the natural ground in the location of the triangulation pillar, and the second (in brackets) to a separate point which is the natural summit.				
TOURIST INFORMATION				
Viewpoint 180°	Χ. 🛲	Camp site /	Caravan site	
Viewpoint 360°	.	Camping an	d caravan si	te

- Selected places of tourist interest
- Information centre, all year / seasonal
- Nature reserve Ρ Parking
 - P&R P&R Park & Ride, all year / seasonal
 - 666 Phone, public / emergency / roadside assistance
 - (Recreation / leisure / sports centre
 - \bigcirc World Heritage site or area

are not shown on maps of Scotland